

CO-COMBUSTION OF COAL AND BIOMASS

in an FBC boiler

František Hrdlička

**Czech Technical University in Prague,
Faculty of Mechanical Engineering**

New Czech law „ SUPPORT OF THE RENEWABLE ENERGY“

- MAIN GOAL – 8 % OF THE ELECTRICITY PRODUCTION IN CR FROM THE **RES** IN THE YEAR 2010
- CO COMBUSTION OF BIOMASS WITH COAL IN THE COAL CFB POWER UNITS – ONE OF THE IMPORTANT EVENTUALITY

SHORT TIME OPERATION

- LOT OF MAIN CZECH PRODUCERS OF ELECTRICITY AND HEAT realised co combustion tests of coal and biomass
- DESCRIPTION of the results from two different tests :
 - CFB coal boiler in Plzeňská teplárenská
 - Industrial pulverized coal boiler in Lovochemie a.s.

Both boilers: coal – lignite from west north bohemian mines, biomass – cutwood and sawdust

PLZEŇ

Main goal:

Combustion of biofuel (cutwood) with brown coal

Boiler features:

CFB boiler

140 MW heat power output (steam 540 °C, 136 bar)

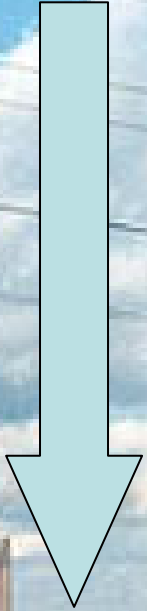
92% efficiency

original fuel: brown coal from Sokolov mines



Location:

Heat production plant in Lovochemie, Inc.



Main goal:

Combustion of biofuel (sawdust) with brown coal

Boiler features:

- pulverised coal fired boiler
- 40 MW heat power output
- 88% efficiency
- original fuel: brown coal from Bílina mines

Fuel preparation in PLZEN:

- mixing of the sawdust with the coal in the coal bunker
- addition of the mixture through the chain conveyor into the basalt chute

Boiler operation:

- full power
- no changes in power output during the experiment



Fuel preparation in LOVOSICE:

- mixing of the sawdust with the coal in the coal bunker
- addition of the mixture into coal mill and coal dryer

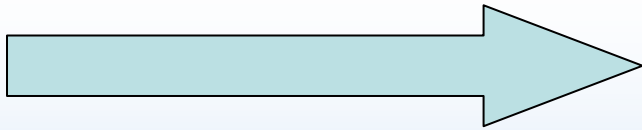
Boiler operation:

- full power
- no changes in power output during the experiment



Biofuel features:

- sawdust
- cutwood
- humidity approx. 40 % in Plzeň
- 65% in Lovosice
- added in approx. ratio 1:10

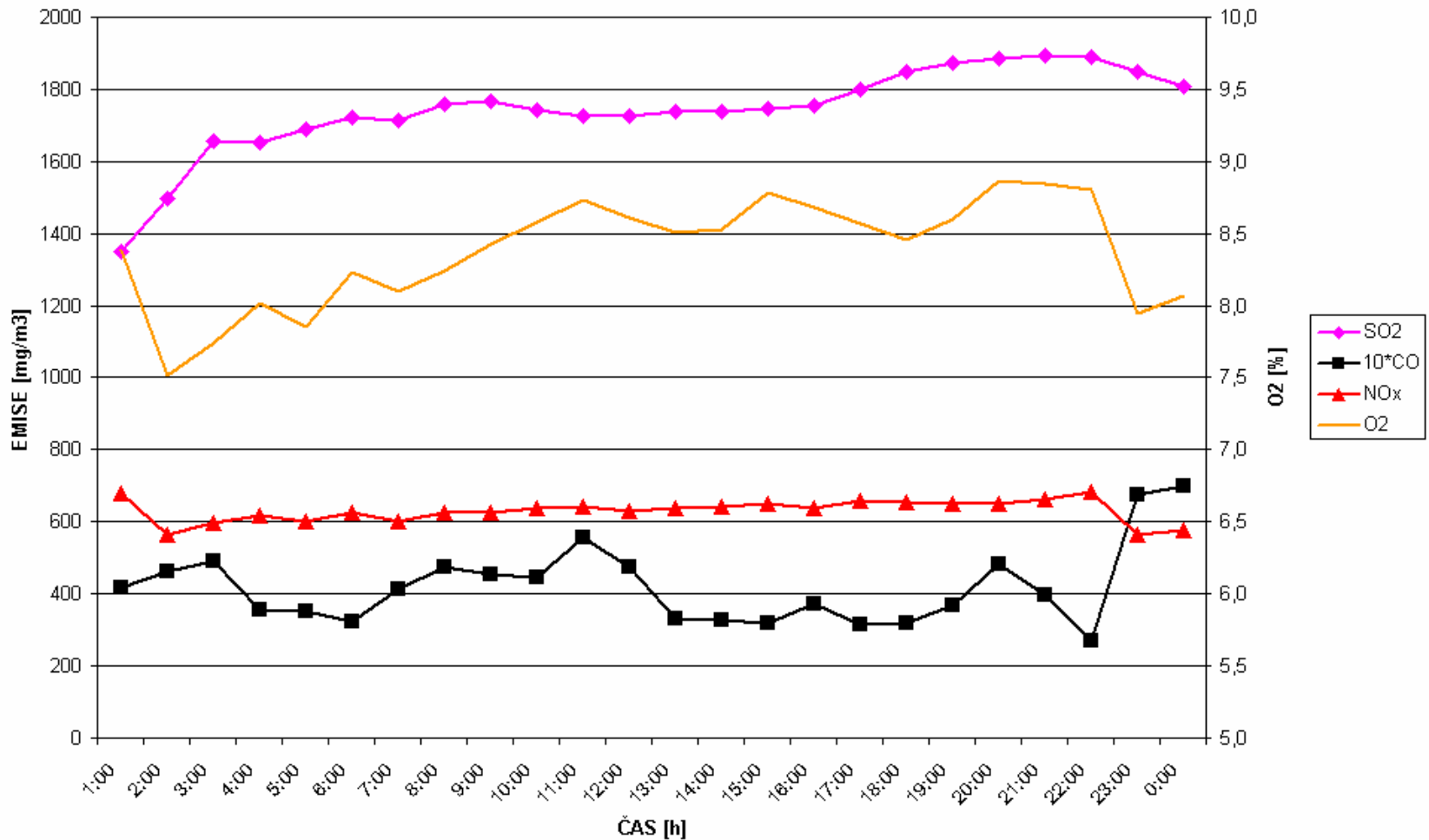


Measurements:

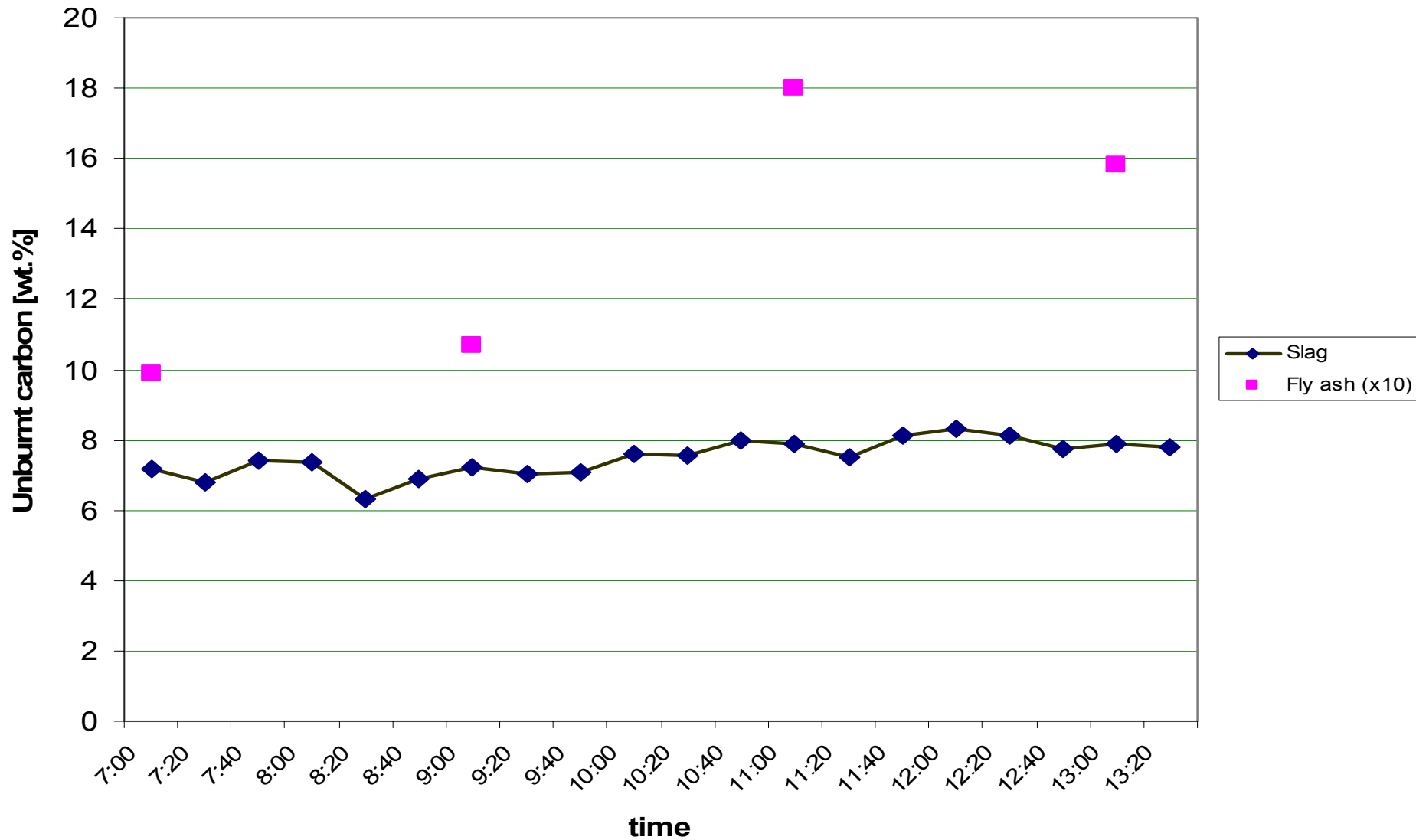
- CO, NO_x, SO₂ and O₂ at flue gas outlet Lovosice plant
- unburnt carbon in slag (by the operator)
- unburnt carbon in fly ash (by the operator)

Results:

1. CO, NO_x, SO₂ and O₂ at flue gas outlet

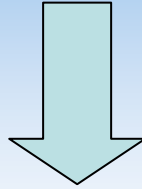


2. Unburnt carbon in slag and fly ash



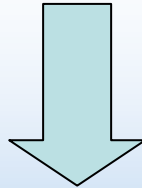
Problems:

1. Insufficient mixing of the biofuel and the coal



real biofuel/coal ratio unknown

2. High water content in the biofuel



problems can occur in the fuel bunker with the sticking and crowning mix fuel

Conclusions:

Short-time combustion of coal and biofuel up to 10:1 ratio
is possible

1. Positives

- ⇒ decrease of SO₂ emissions
- ⇒ addition of biofuel through existing fuel system is to the mix ratio 1 : 10 possible

2. Negatives

- ⇒ insufficient homogenisation of the fuels by the digger
- ⇒ emission of dioxines is not negligible by green cutwood using (0,5 ng/m³) –CFB boiler
- ⇒ expected increase of unburnt carbon in slag and fly ash

Recommendations – what is necessary?

- ⇒ development of mixing technology for biofuel and coal
- ⇒ execution of long-time combustion tests
- ⇒ setting of optimal coal/biofuel ratio
- ⇒ development of technique for coal/biofuel ratio determination
- ⇒ development of the combustion technology of the needles

Thank you for your attention!