



Fate of ***Alkali metals*** during
Co-combustion of ***Biodiesel Residues***
with ***Coal*** in a Semi-Industrial ***CFB*** boiler

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PRESENTATION OUTLINE

- INTRODUCTION
 - EXPERIMENTAL SET-UP:
 - *fuel*
 - *boiler*
 - *tests*
 - ALKALI METALS:
 - *in bottom ash*
 - *entering convective pass*
 - *in fly ash*
 - *distribution*
 - CONCLUSIONS
-

INTRODUCTION



3.25 t



1.08 t

Rapeseed oil



Rapeseed cake

2.17 t



Source: S. Friedrich

A worldwide review of the commercial production of biodiesel, Vienna University of Economics and Business Administration, Institute of Technology and Sustainable Product Management, Austria, 2004.

FUEL – rapeseed cake



Ash (at 550 C)[% db]	7,5
HHV [MJ/kg db]	22,2
LHV [MJ/kg db]	20,7
C [% db]	49,9
H [% db]	6,9
N [% db]	5,1
S [% db]	0,7
O(calculated) [% db]	29,9

Si [mg/kg db]	261
Al [mg/kg db]	43
Fe [mg/kg db]	152
Ti [mg/kg db]	4
Mn [mg/kg db]	60
Ca [mg/kg db]	7040
Mg [mg/kg db]	4500
P [mg/kg db]	11500
Na [mg/kg db]	4660
K [mg/kg db]	12300
Cl [mg/kg db]	2600

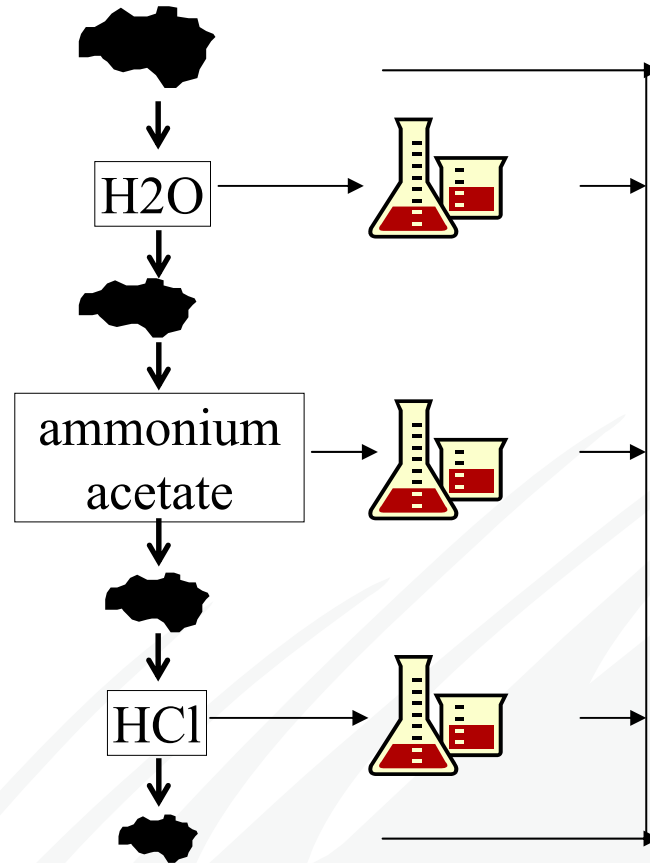
FUEL – coal

Ash (at 1000°C)[% db]	14,0
HHV [MJ/kg db]	28,0
LHV [MJ/kg db]	27,1
C [% db]	69,3
H [% db]	4,4
N [% db]	1,8
S [% db]	0,5
O(calculated) [% db]	10,0

Si [mg/kg db]	32900
Al [mg/kg db]	20200
Fe [mg/kg db]	2690
Ti [mg/kg db]	1180
Mn [mg/kg db]	58
Ca [mg/kg db]	7470
Mg [mg/kg db]	2030
P [mg/kg db]	915
Na [mg/kg db]	637
K [mg/kg db]	1310
Cl [mg/kg db]	<500

Chemical Fractionation

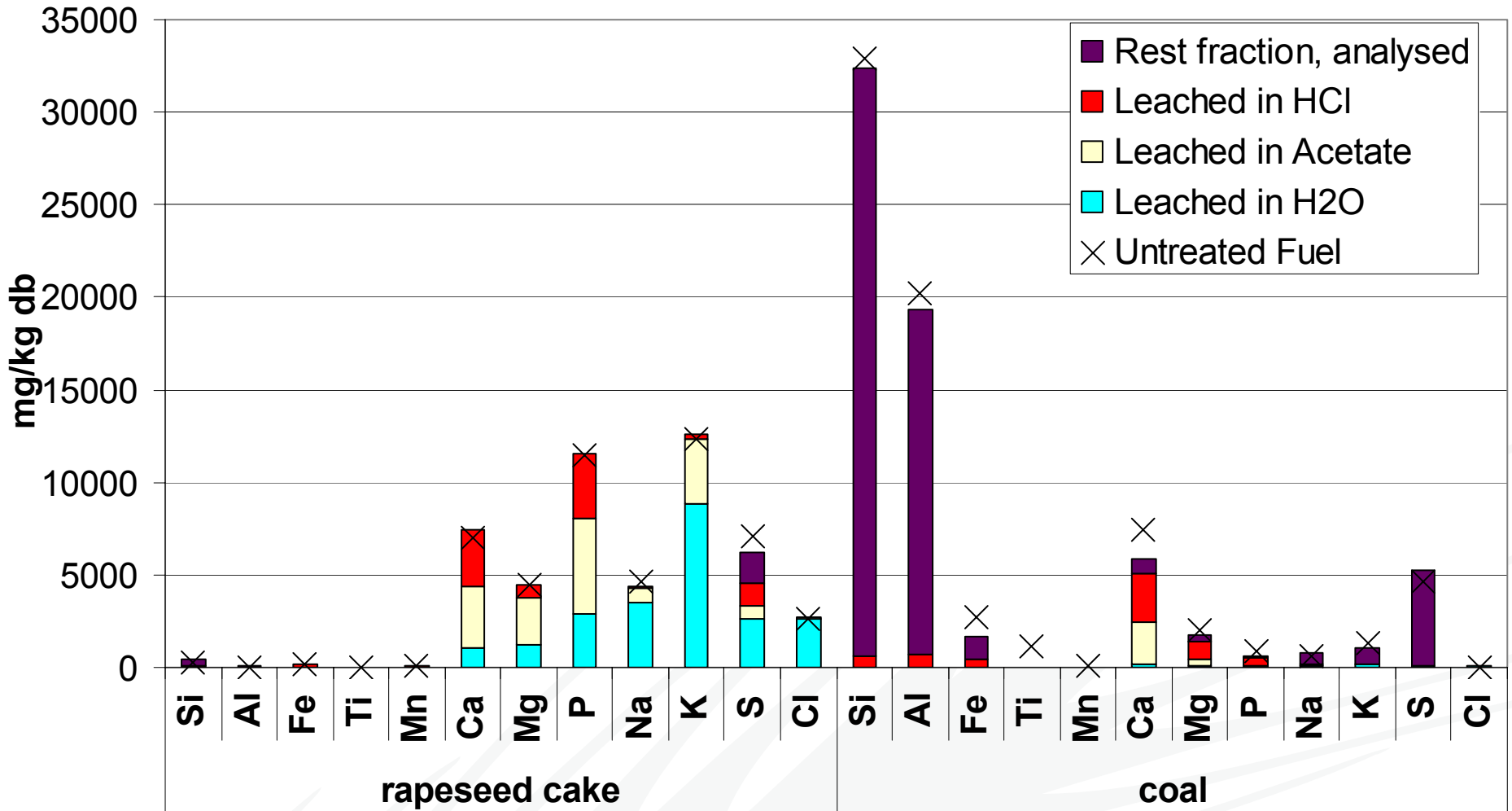
Untreated fuel



Solid residue

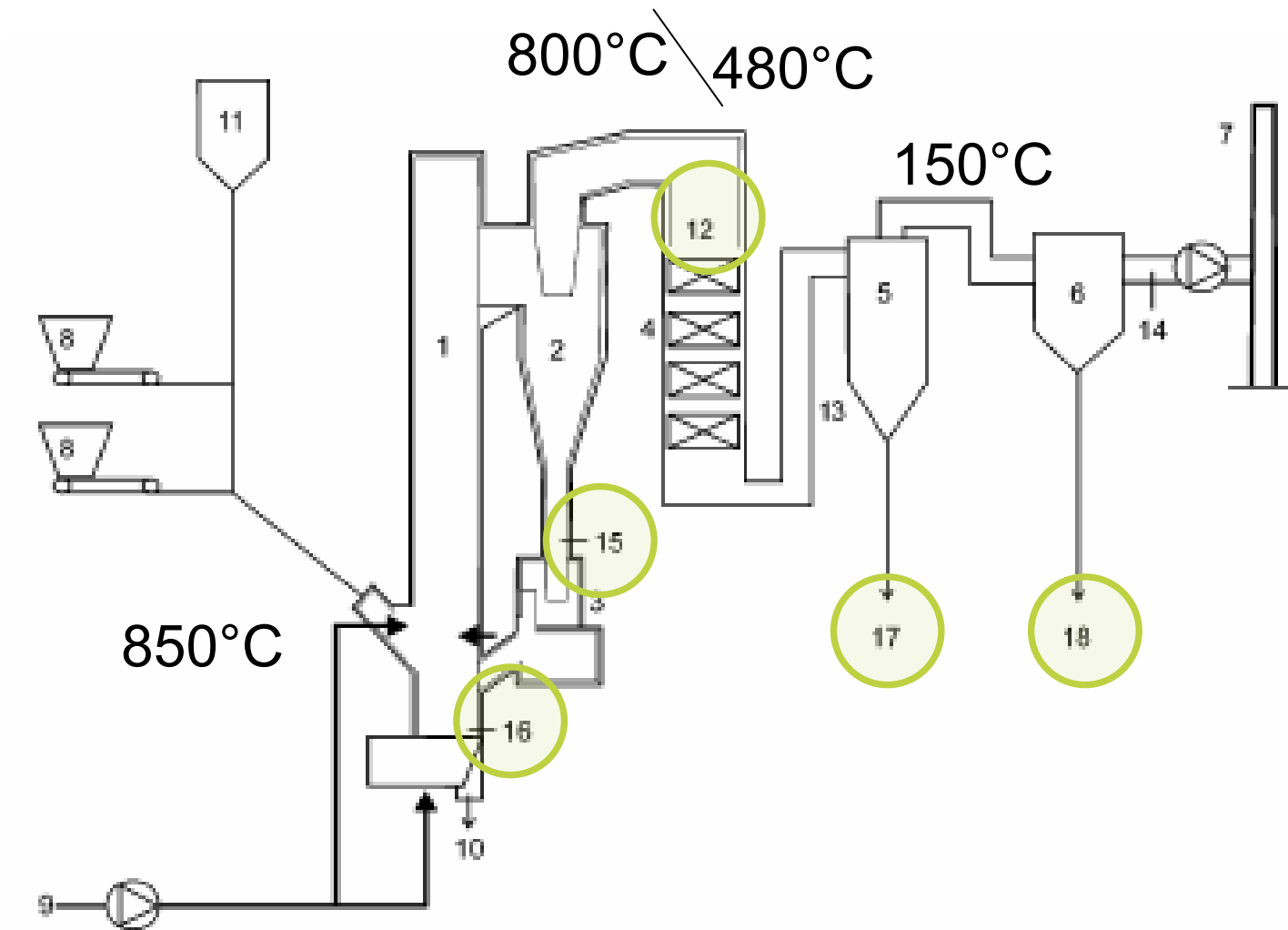
Analysis

FUEL – Chemical Fractionation



BOILER

12 MWth CFB at Chalmers University of Technology



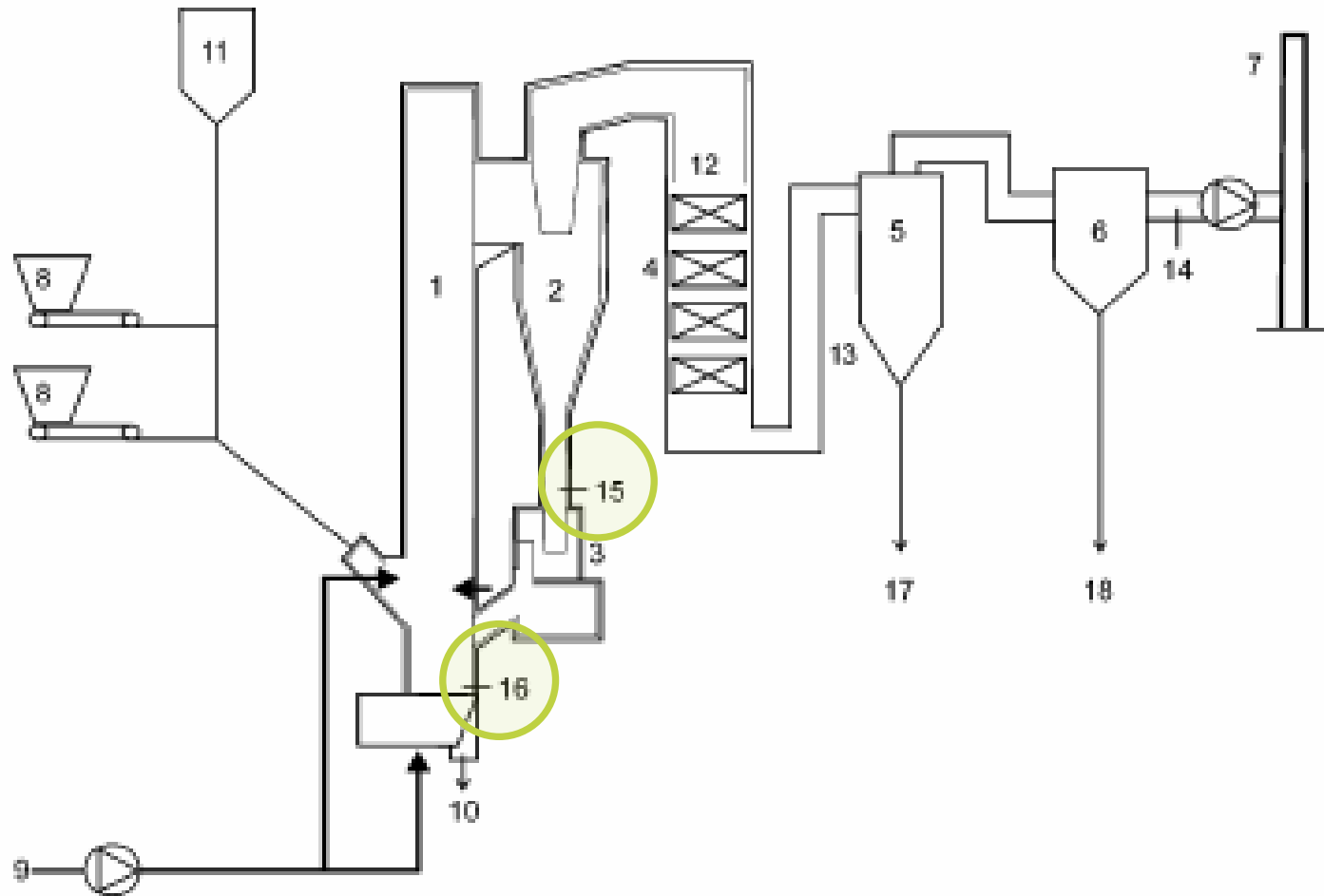
Source: M. Svane et al. :

Cesium as a Tracer for Alkali Processes in a Circulating Fluidized Bed Reactor, *Energy & Fuels*, 2006.

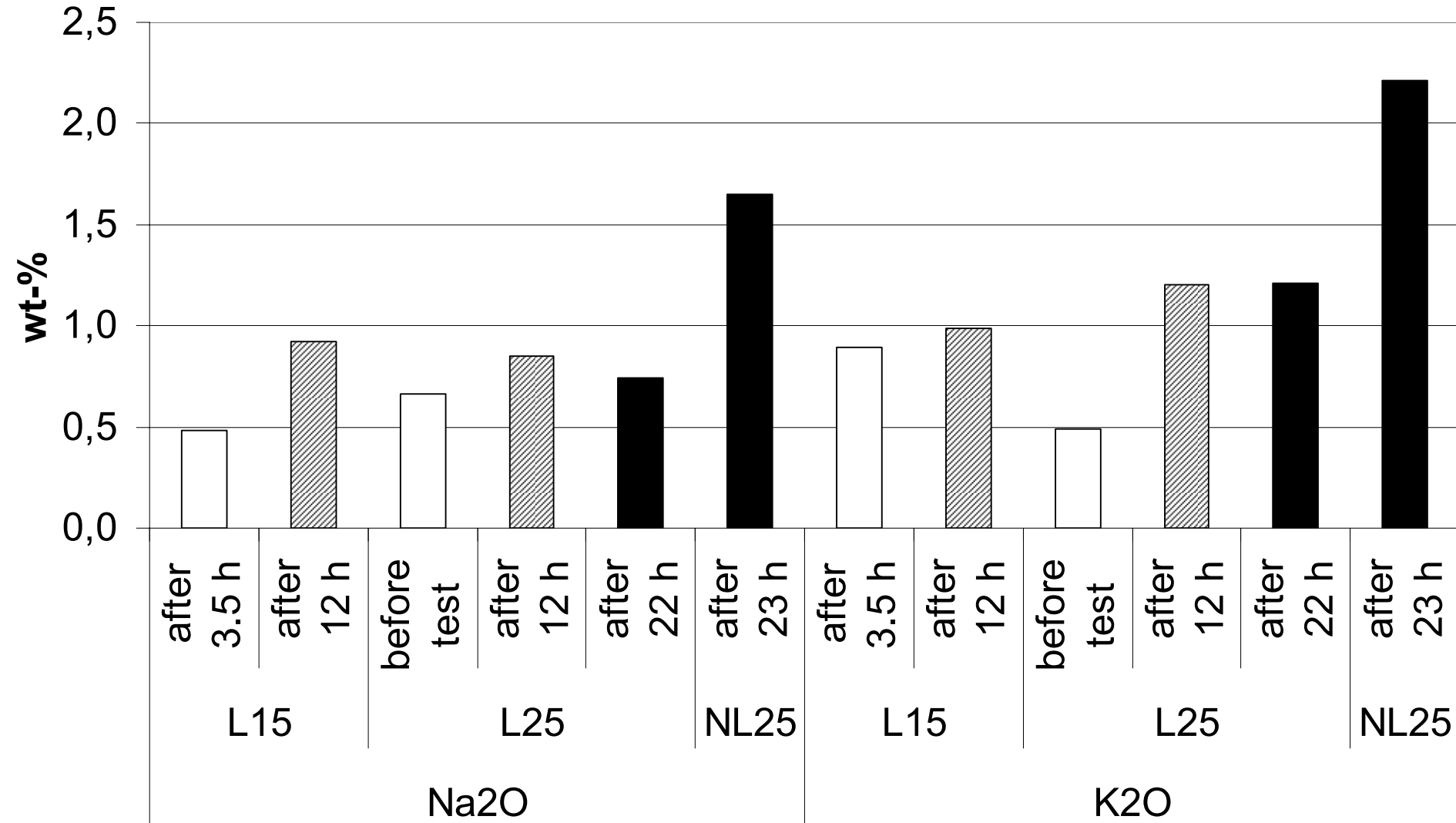
TESTS

	co-combustion with COAL		
	L15	L25	NL25
rapeseed cake ratio	<i>15%_{en}</i>	<i>25%_{en}</i>	<i>25%_{en}</i>
lime addition	<i>yes</i>	<i>yes</i>	<i>no</i>
test duration	<i>12h 25min</i>	<i>22h 16min</i>	<i>22h 53min</i>

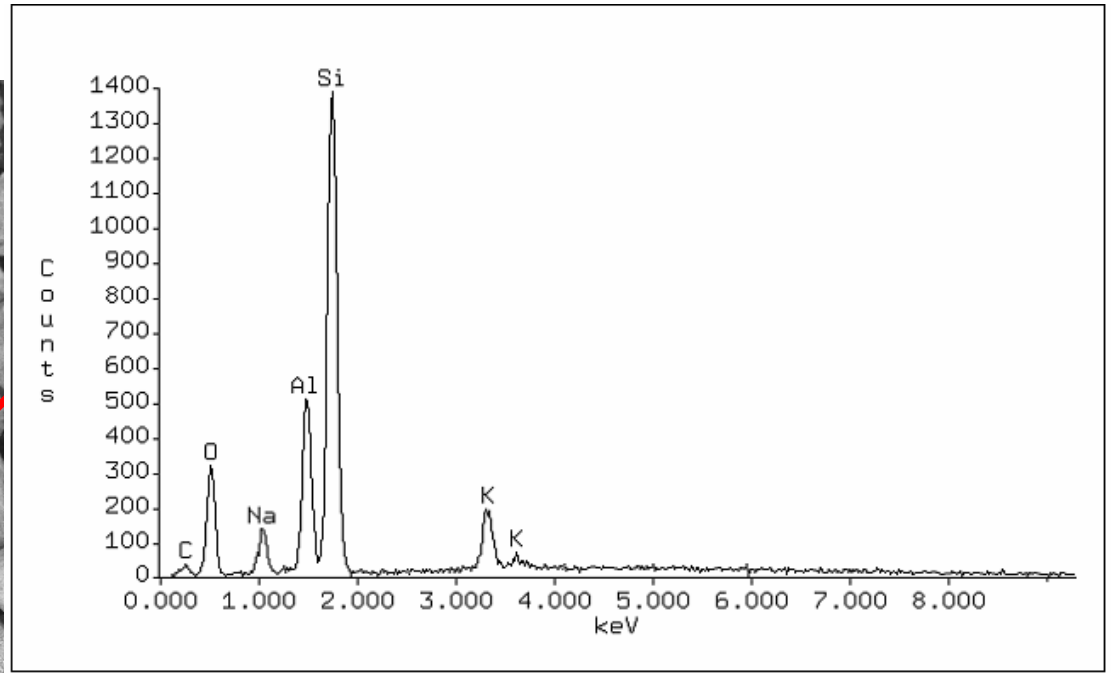
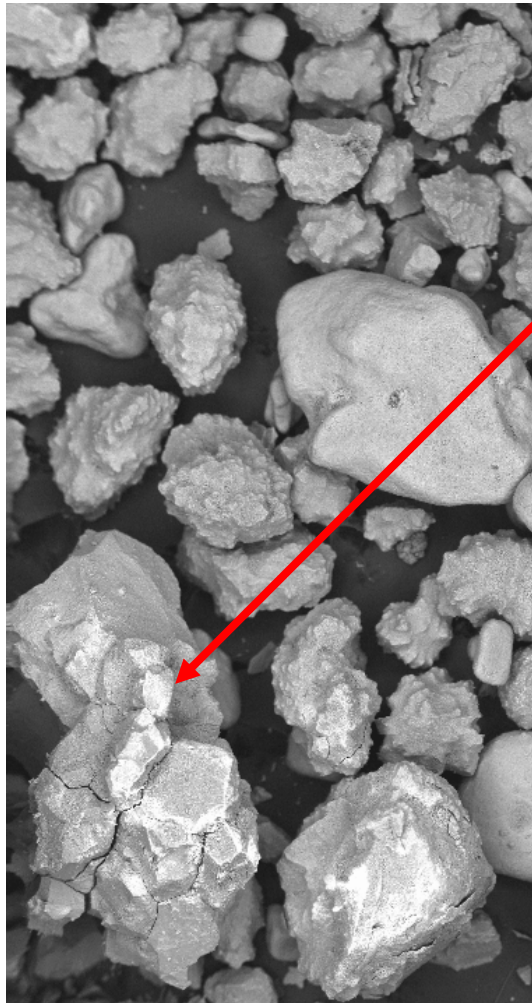
BOTTOM ASH



BOTTOM ASH



BOTTOM ASH



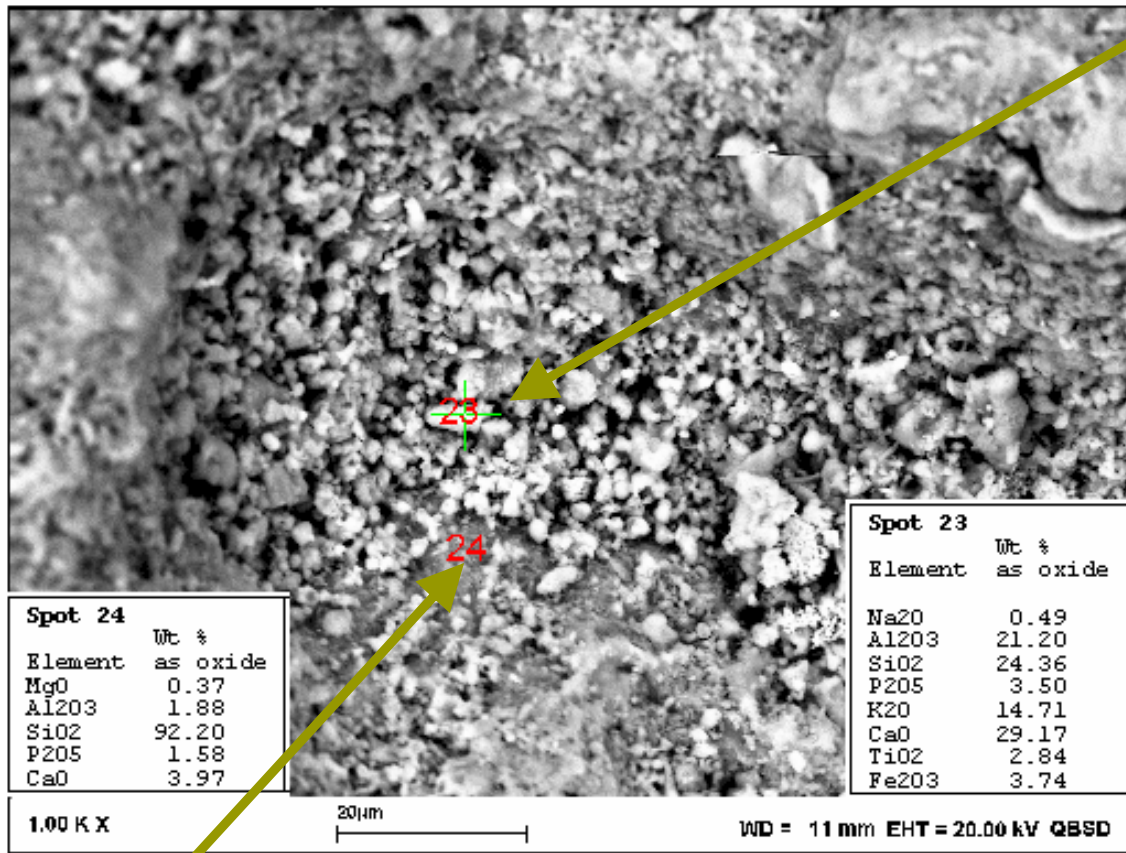
31 X

1mm

WD = 11 mm EHT = 20.00 kV QBSD

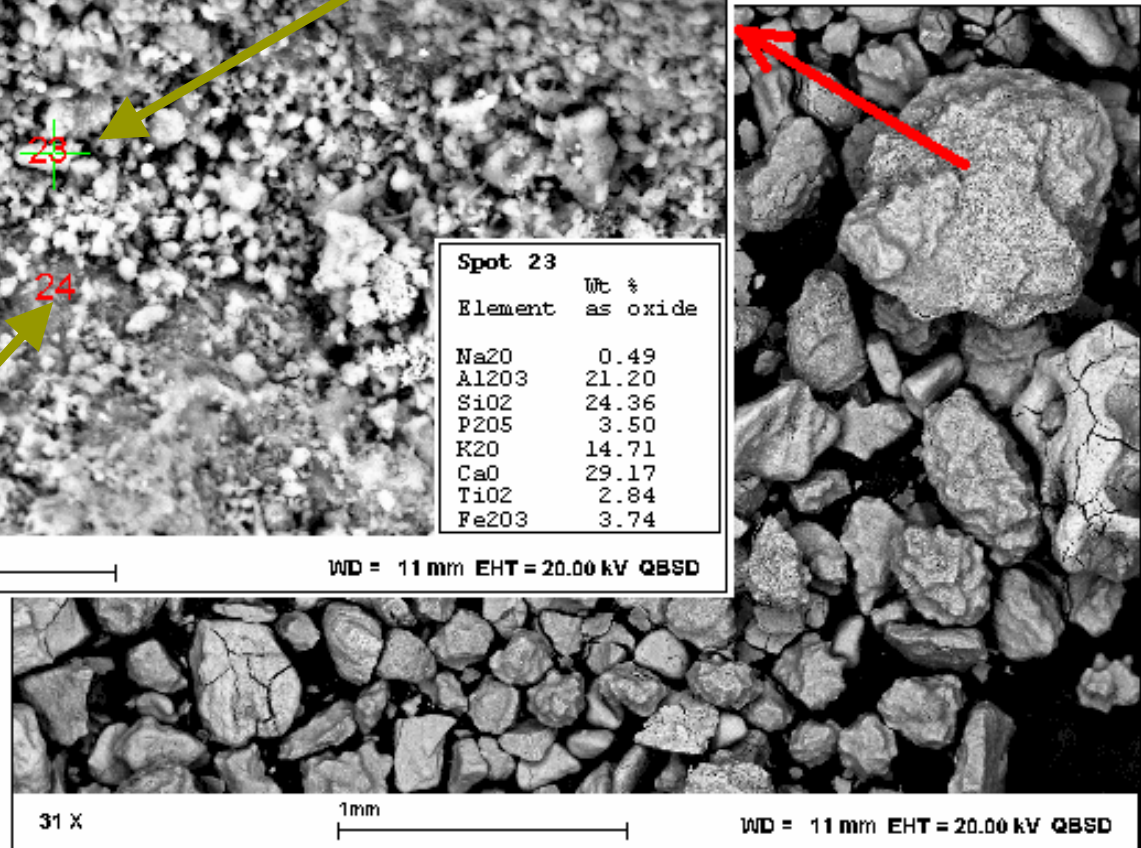
Bed material sample taken after 7.5h of test NL25

BOTTOM ASH



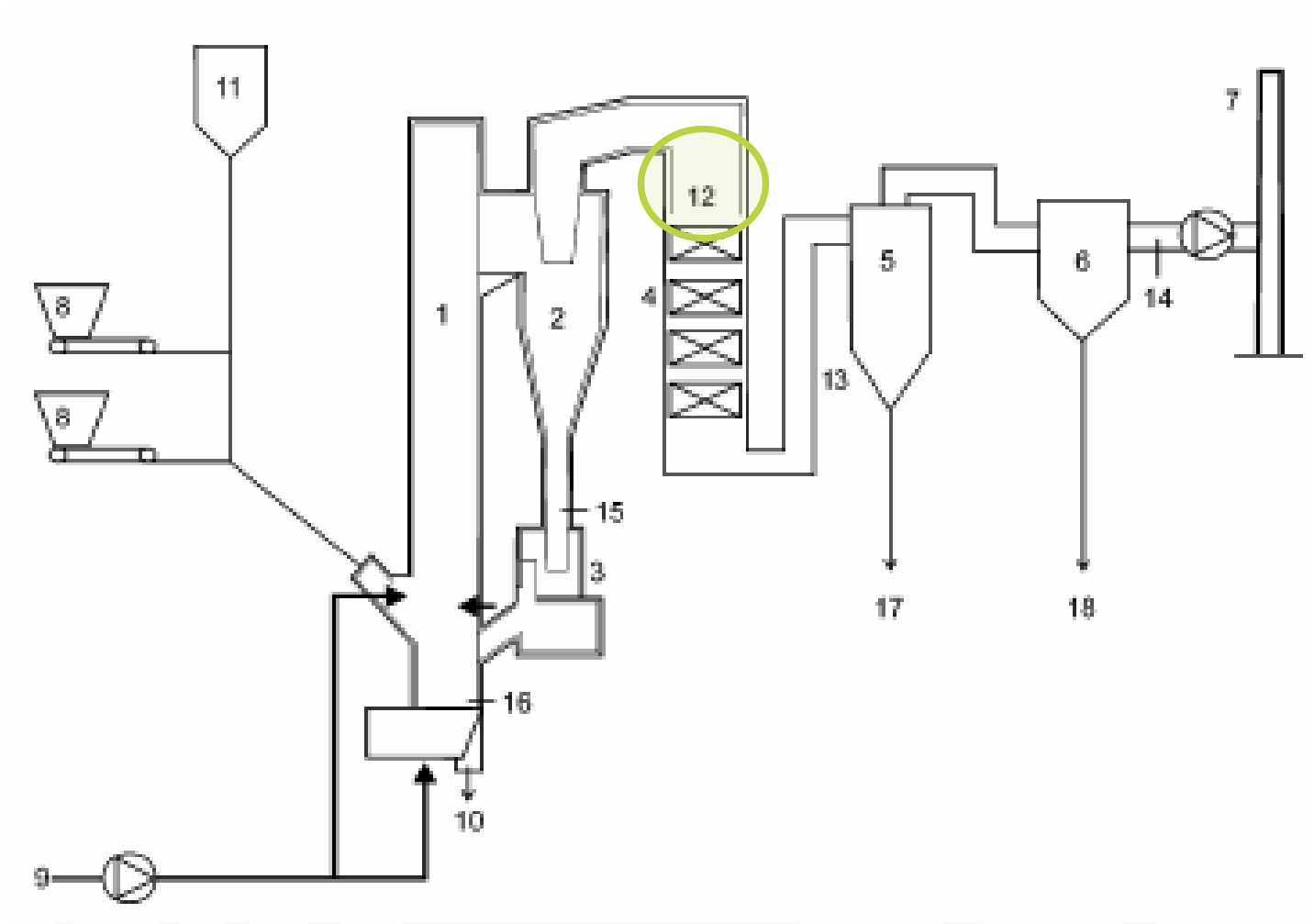
Si-Al-K-Ca

Silica sand particle

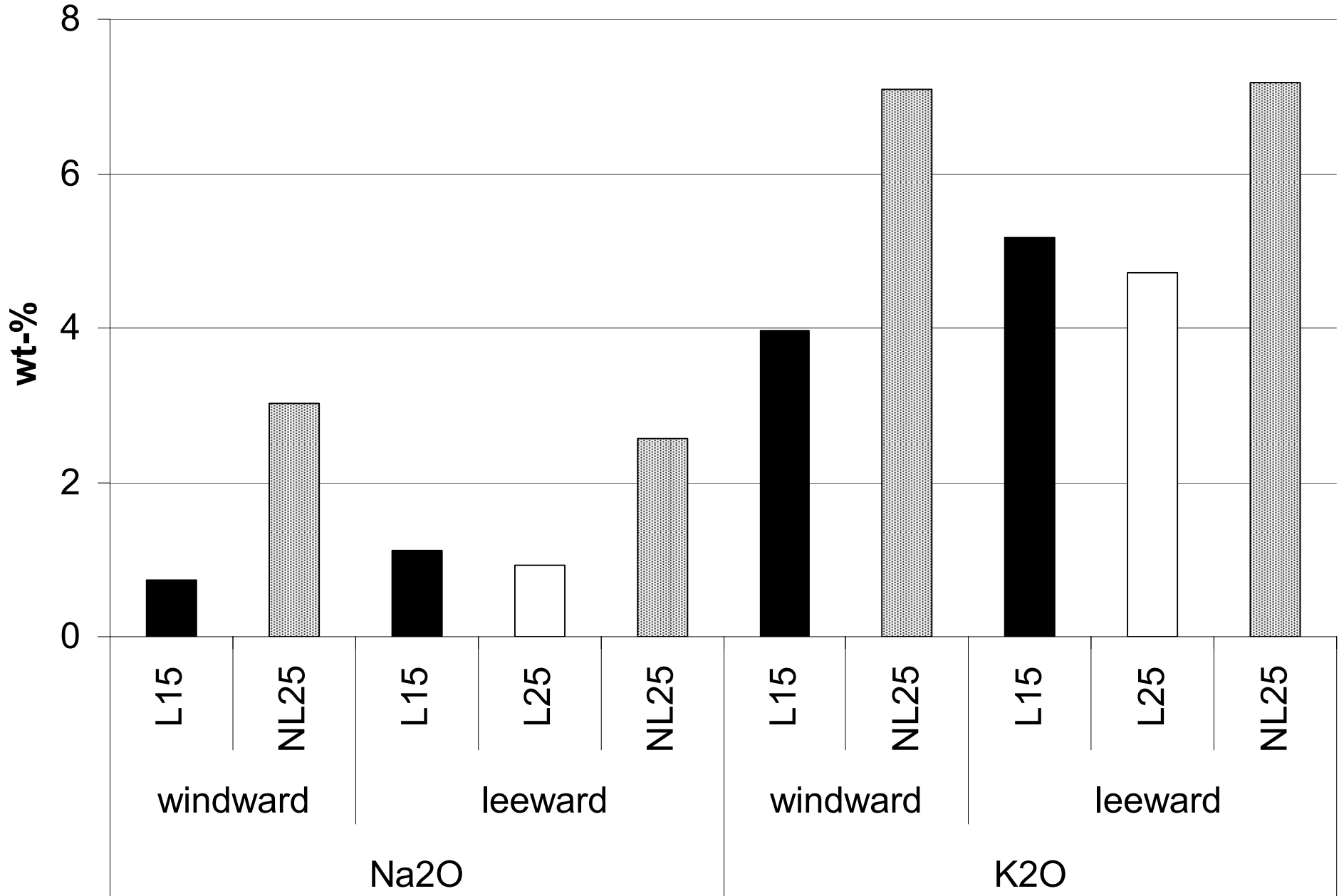


Cyclone leg sample after 7.5h of test L25

CONVECTIVE PASS

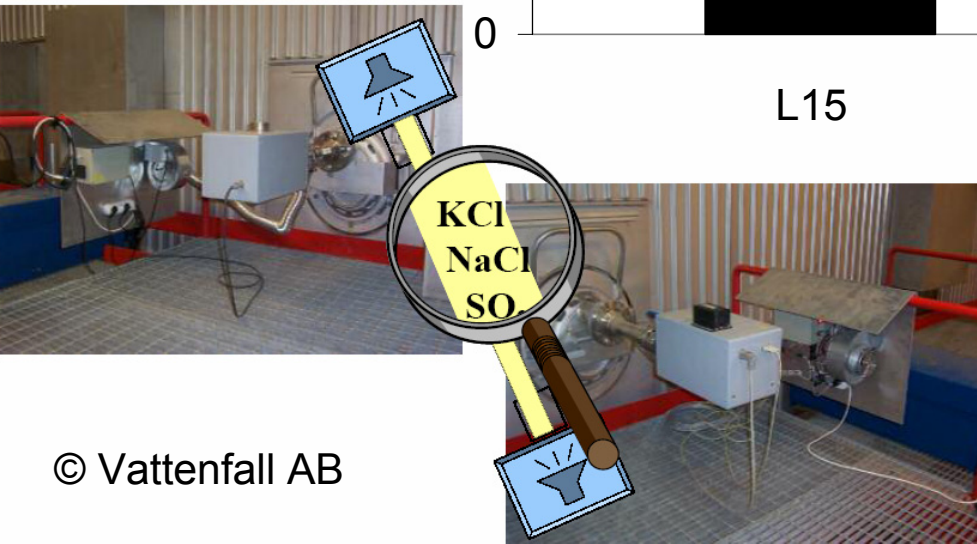
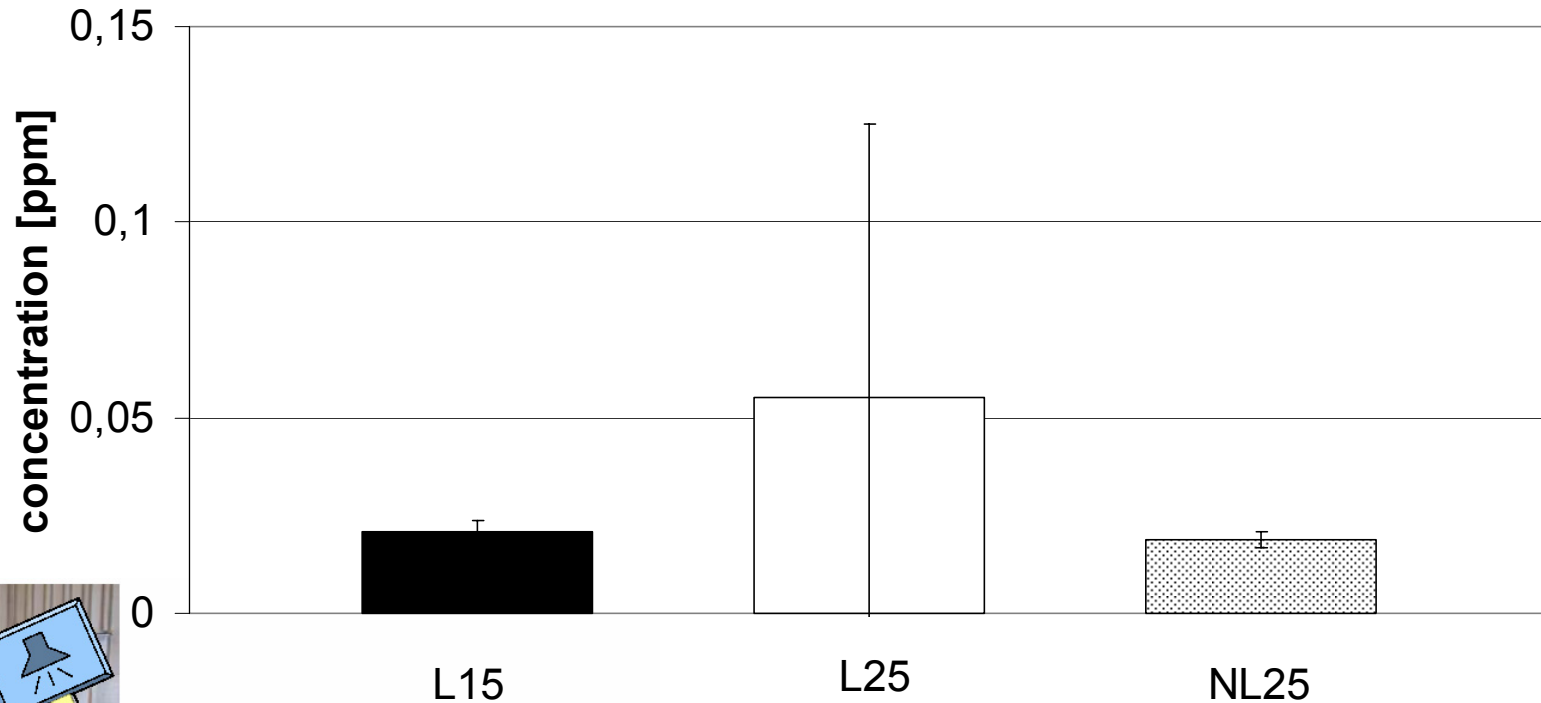


CONVECTIVE PASS

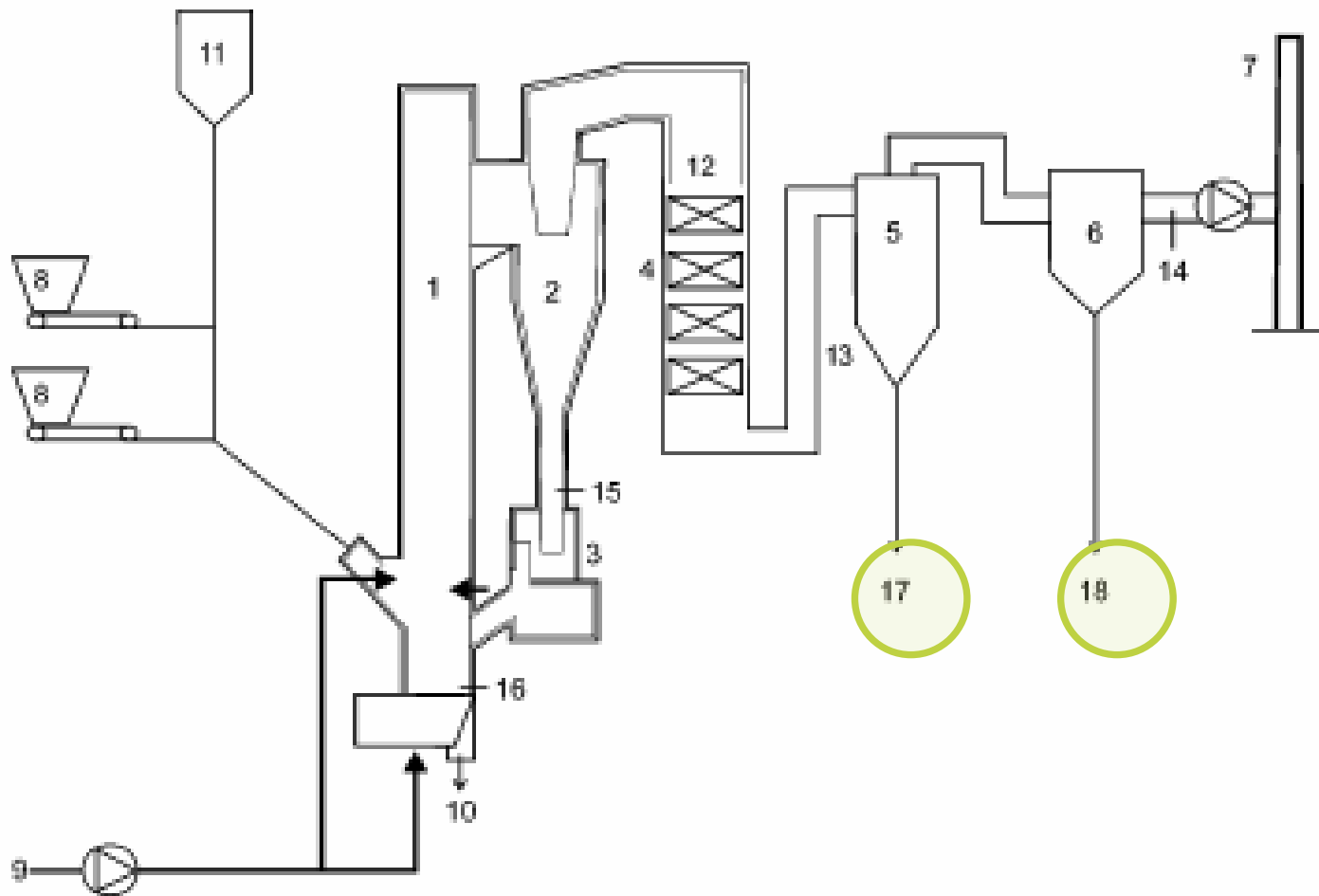


CONVECTIVE PASS

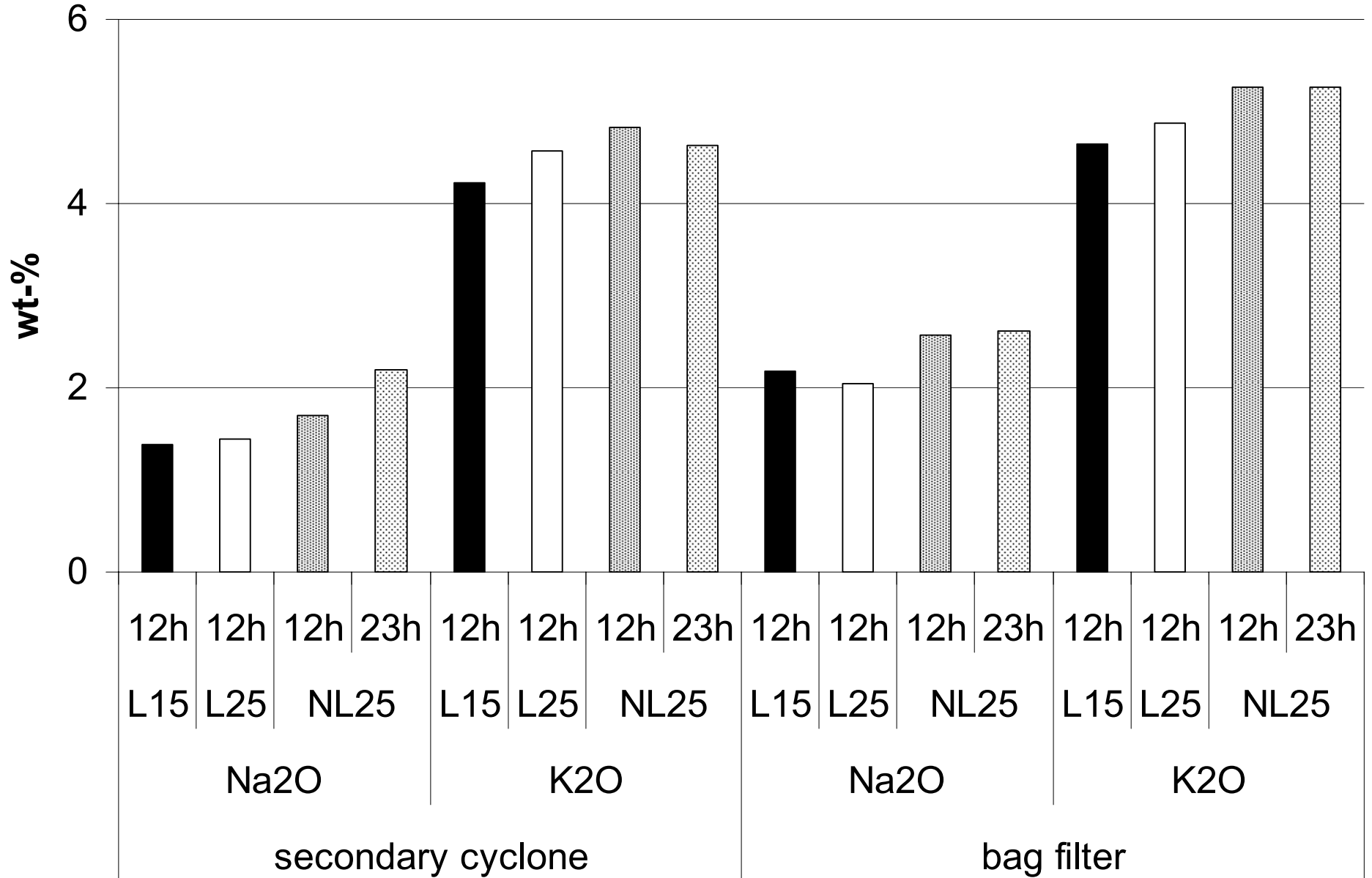
Gaseous alkali metals chlorides



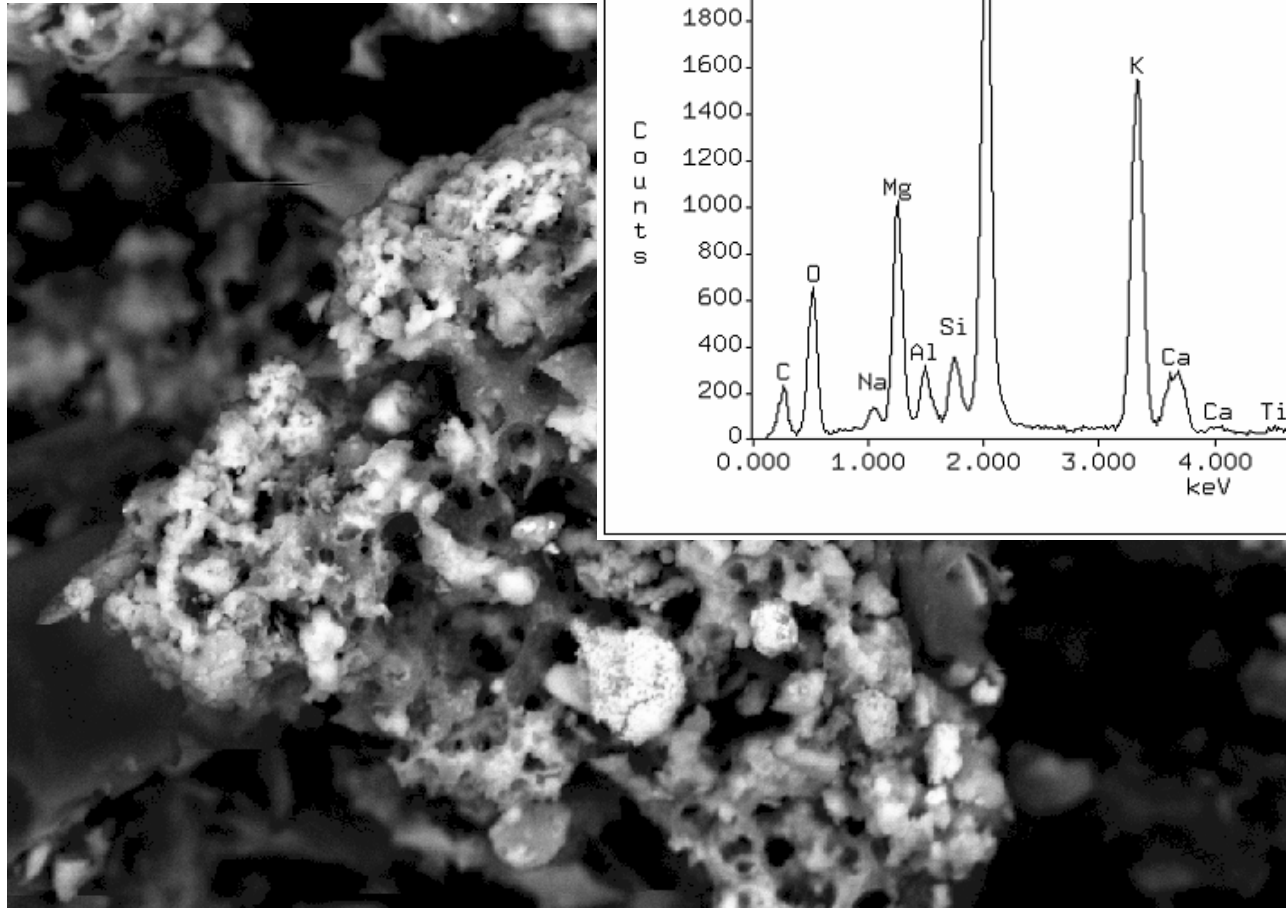
FLY ASH



FLY ASH



FLY ASH



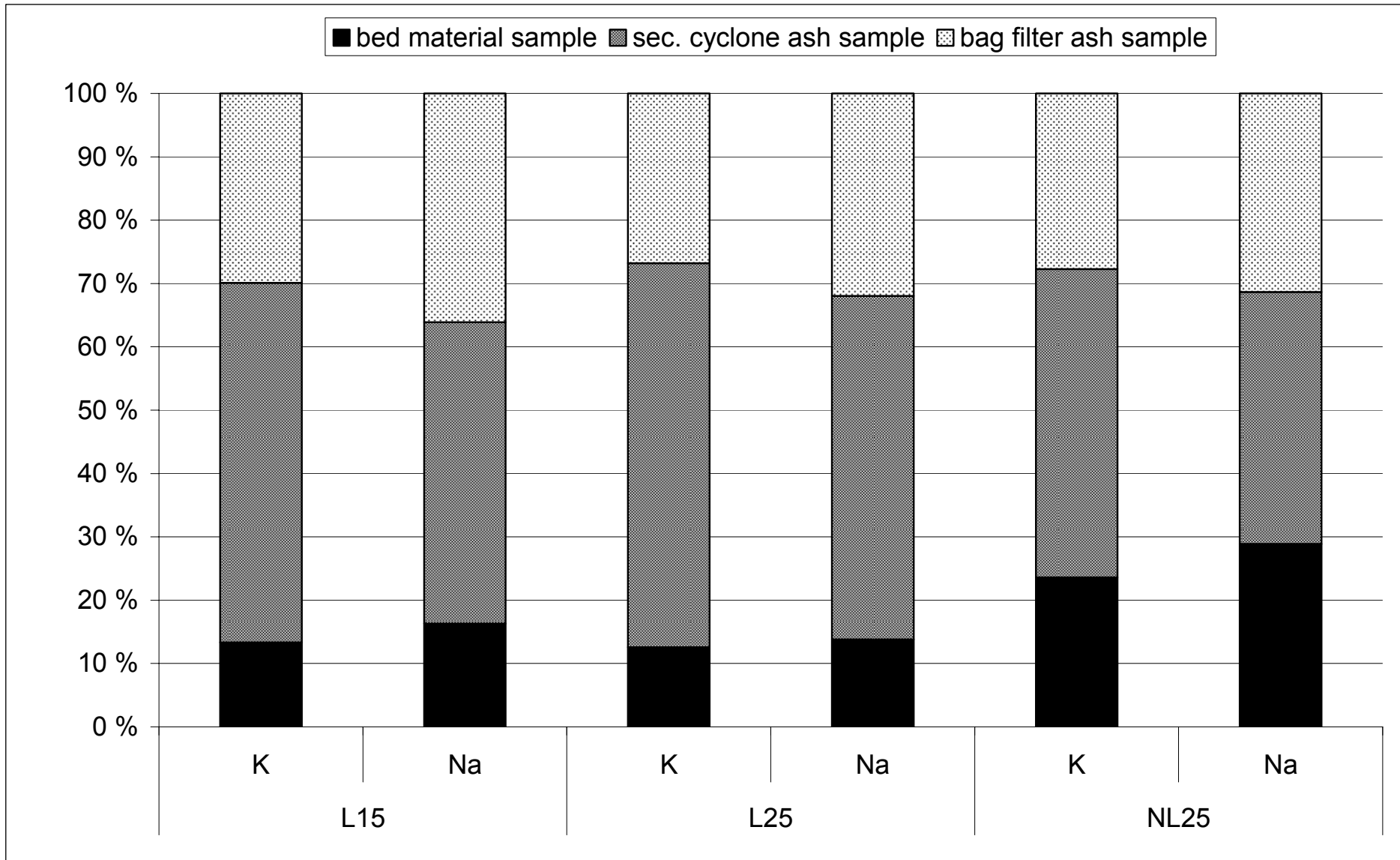
1.00 K X

10 μm

WD = 10 mm EHT = 20.00 kV QBSD

Secondary cyclone ash particle after 11.5h of test L15

ALKALI DISTRIBUTION



CONCLUSIONS

- Successful co-combustion of **up to 25%_{en} rapeseed cake** with **coal** (48hours)
 - Alkali metals major part found in fly ash fraction – secondary cyclone
 - About 20% of alkali metals trapped in the bed
 - Alkali metals leaving combustion chamber as: **alumino-silicates, phosphates, sulphates**
 - Gaseous alkali metals chlorides – **below 1 ppm**
 - **No heavy bed sintering or deposits** were noticed
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