

# **47th International Energy Agency Workshop on Large Scale CFB and Technical Meeting**

Turow Power Station, Zlotniki, Poland October 13th and 14<sup>th</sup> 2003

**Testing and Simulation in Turow Unit 3 and the Application  
of the Results on the Lagisza 460 Mw<sub>e</sub> OT CFB**

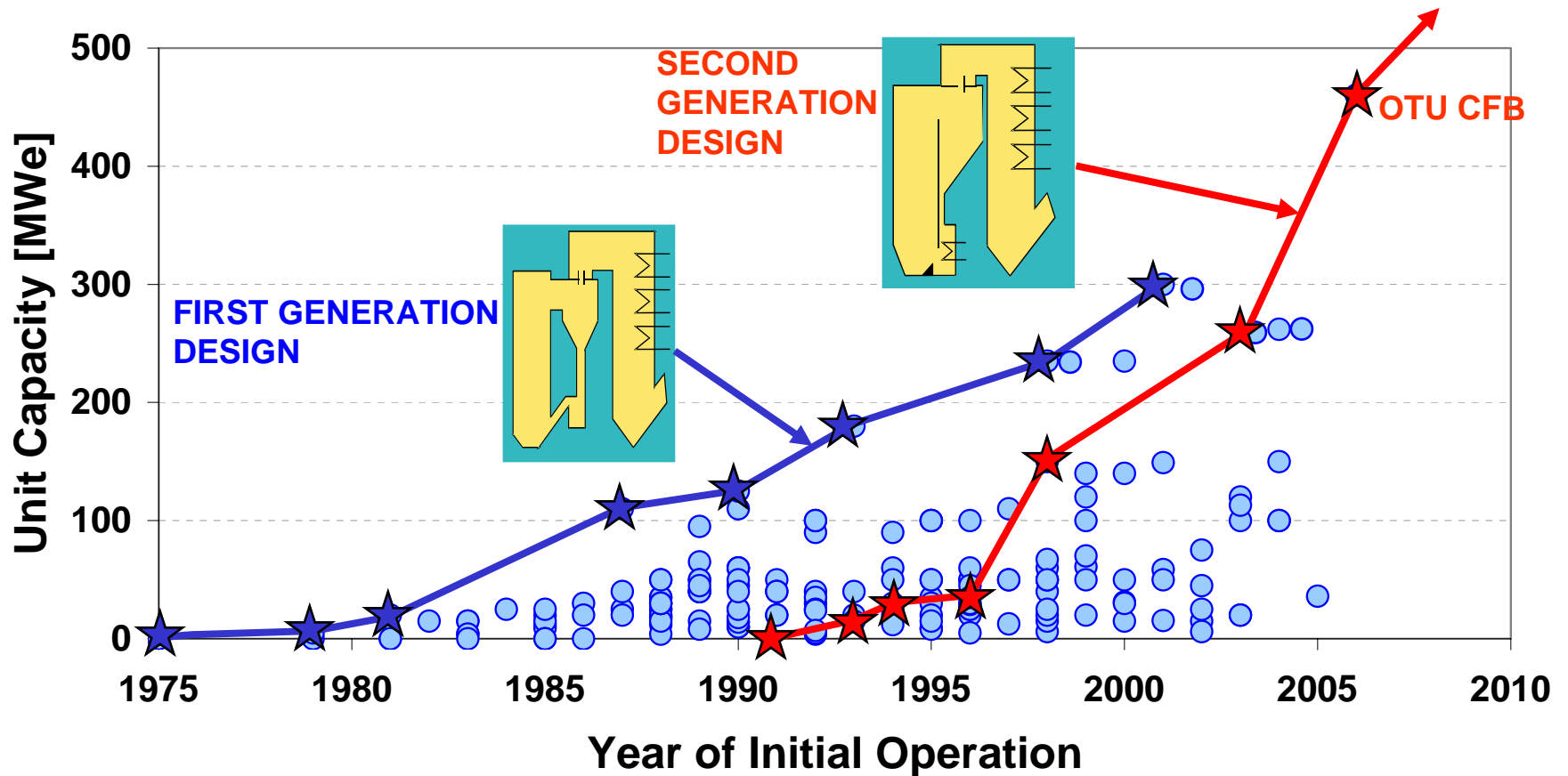
**Arto Hotta and Rafal Psik**

**Foster Wheeler**

# Background for CFB Models

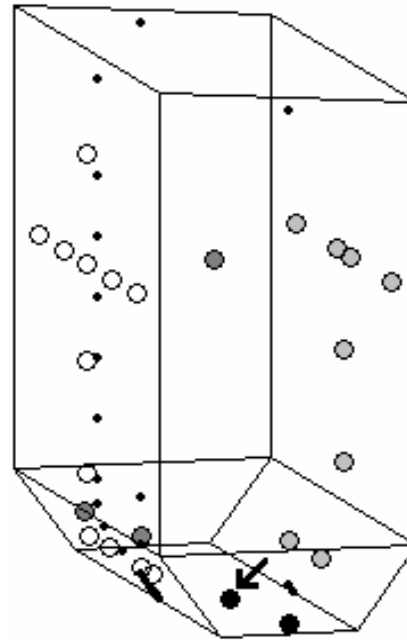
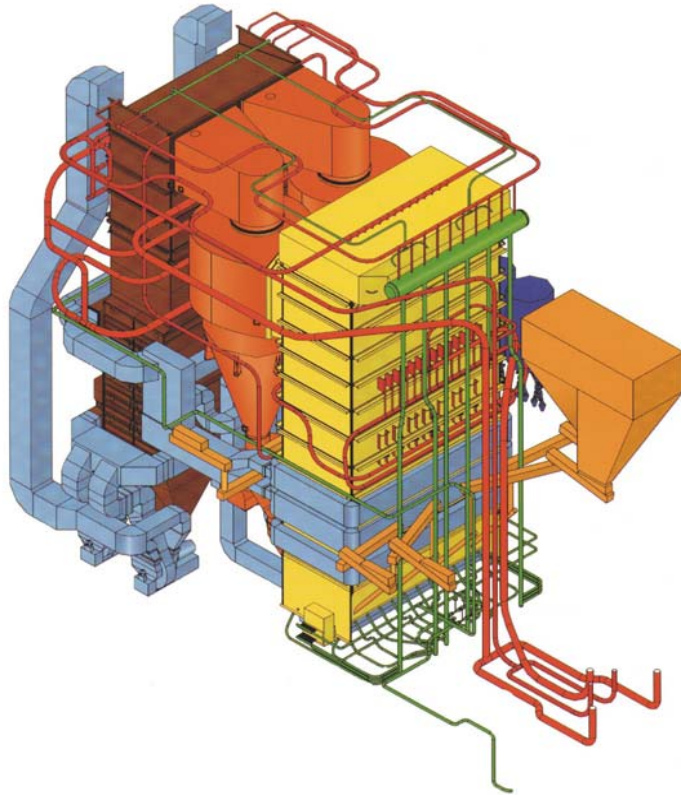
- **Trends for CFB boiler industry:**
  - Larger unit sizes and higher steam parameters.
  - Higher efficiency.
  - Tighter emission standards.
- **More detailed, fast and reliable models required.**
- **Valid model – optimised CFB design and process performance.**

# Power Output of Foster Wheeler CFB Units



# PROCESS MEASUREMENTS IN TUROW UNIT 3

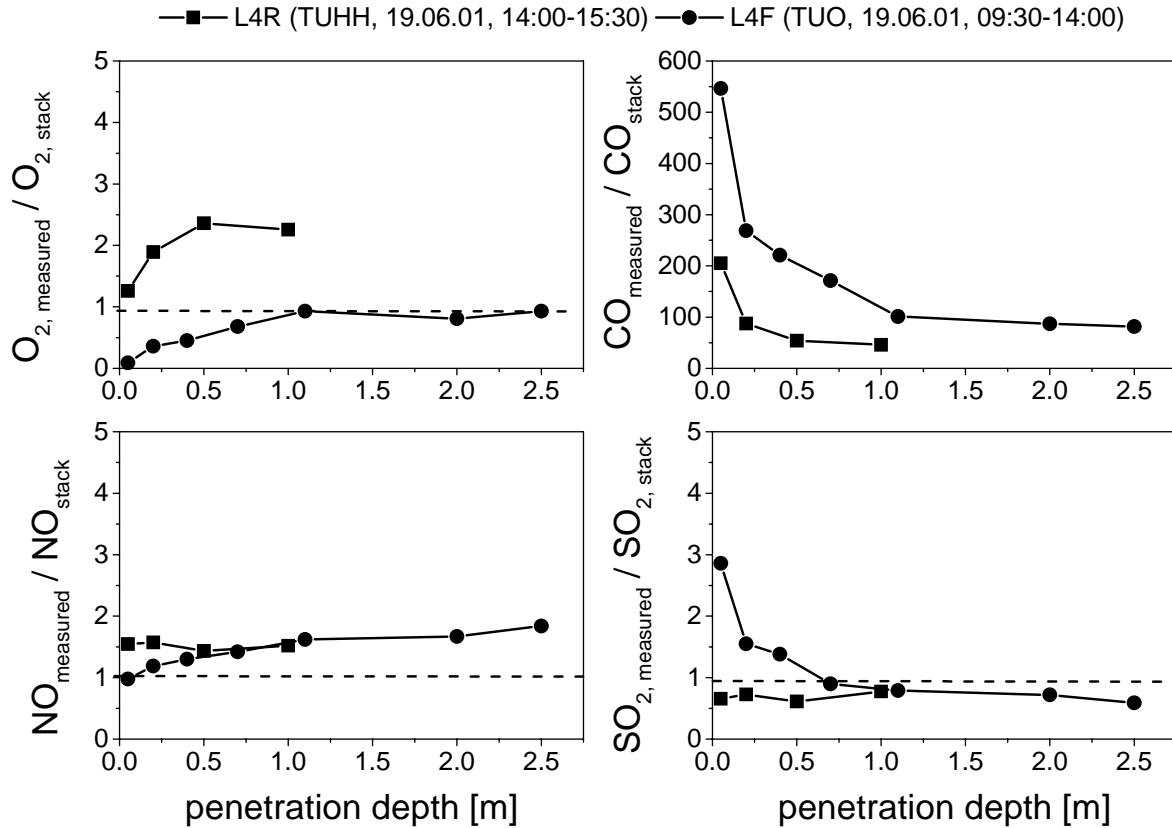
## EU PROJECT: Processes In Large-scale Circulating Fluidized Bed Combustors



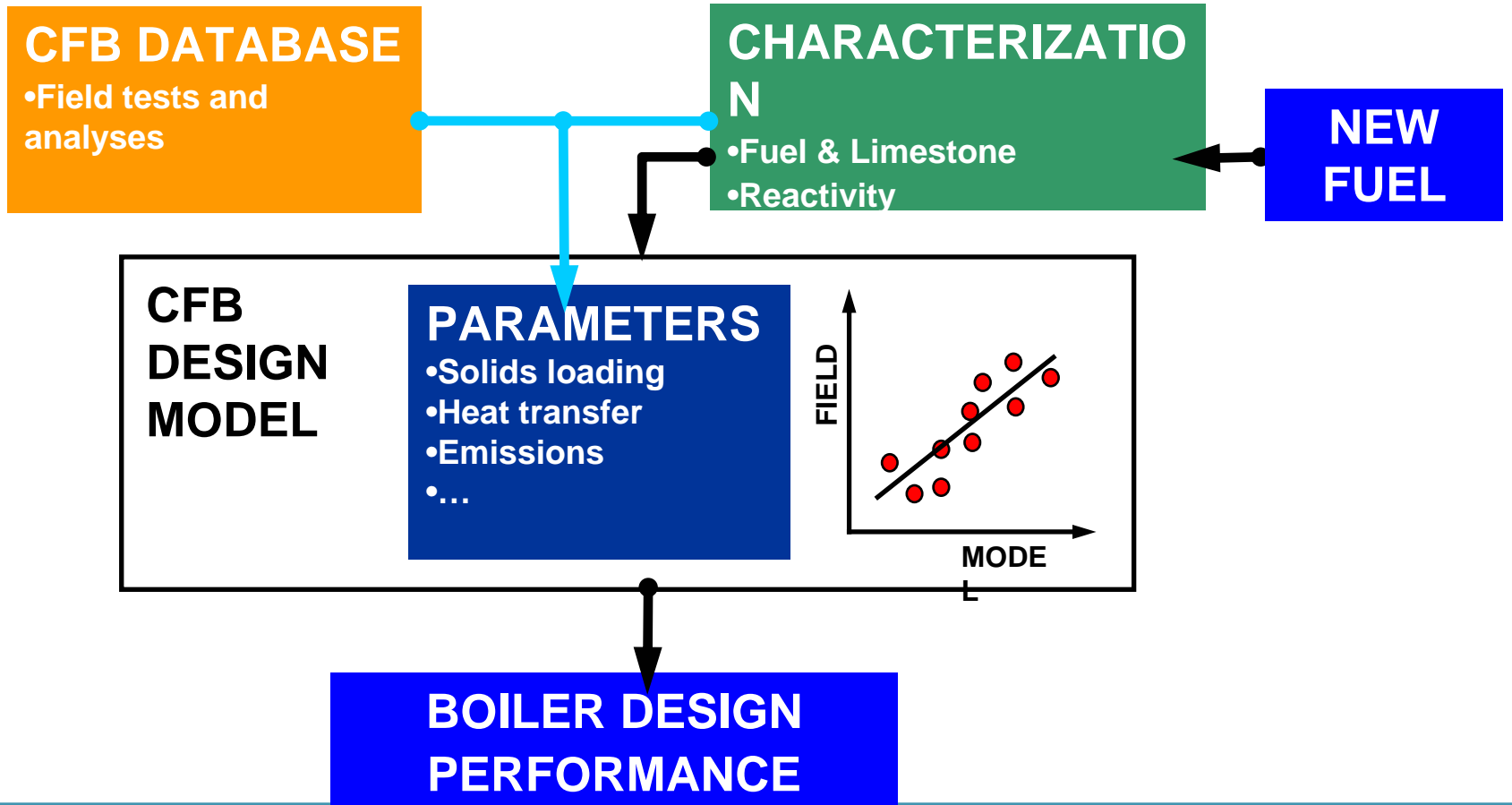
- gas concentration
- solids distribution
- temperature distribution
- solids flow
- solids segregation

# PROCESS MEASUREMENTS IN TUROW UNIT 3

## Gas concentrations

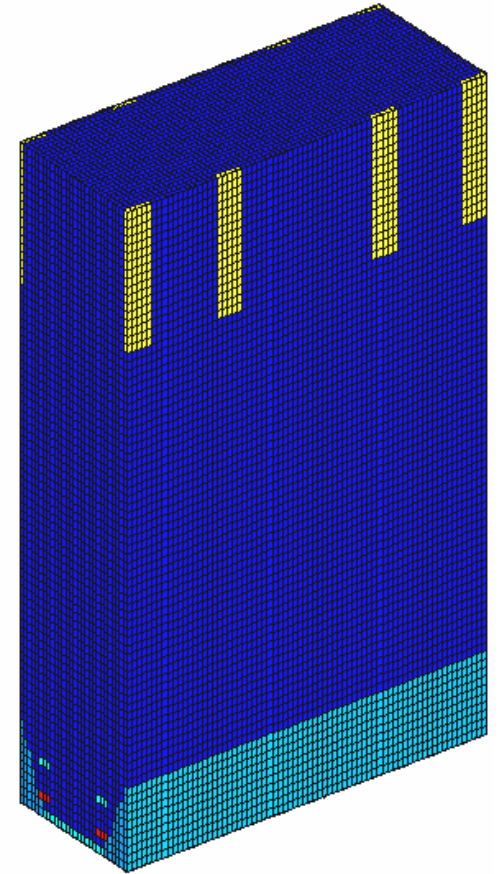


# DESIGN MODEL FOR THE CFB HOT LOOP



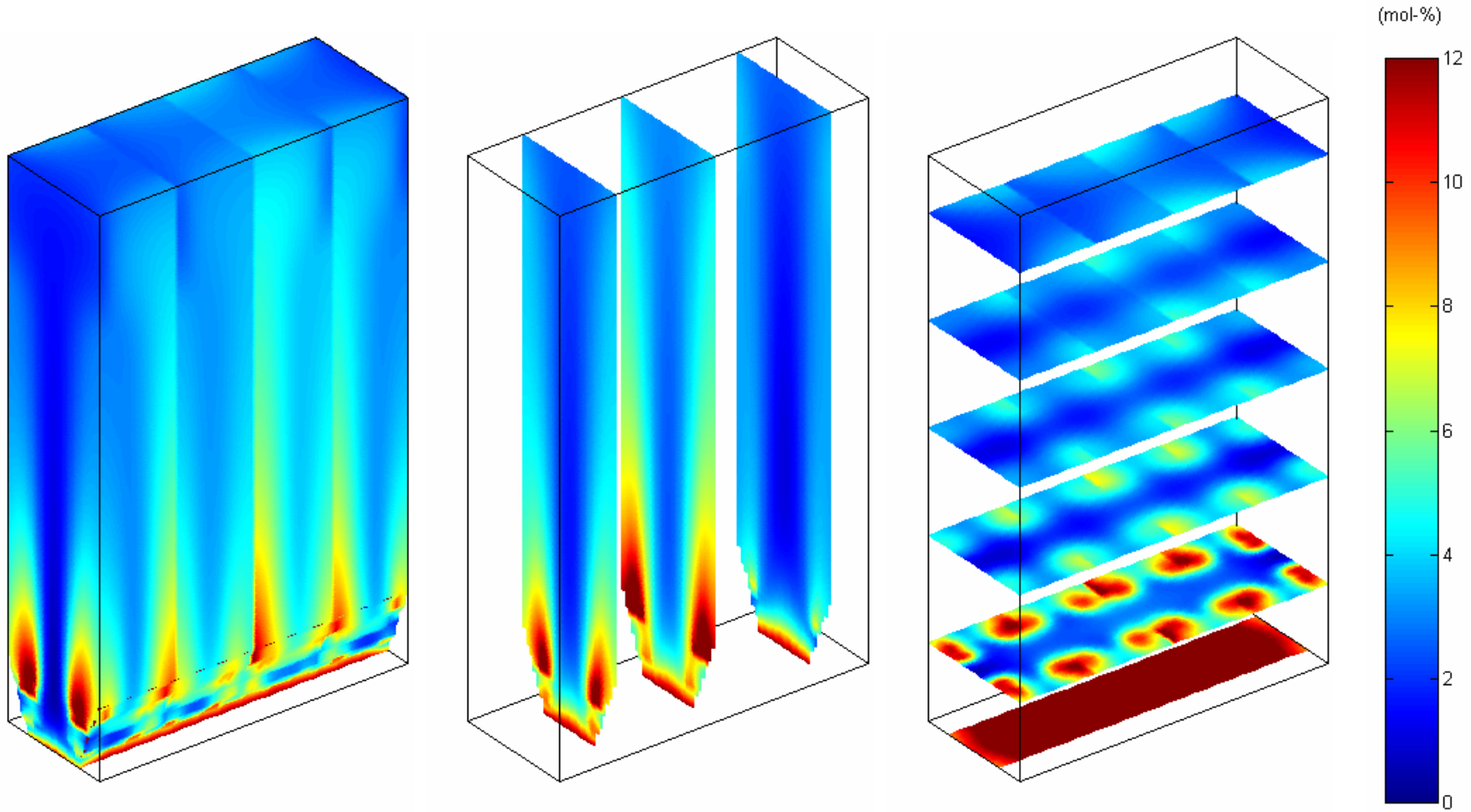
# Model Description

- **Steady-state combustion model for CFB furnace.**
- **0-D fractional material balances.**
- **3-D modeling of solid and gaseous species.**
- **3-D modeling of energy balance.**
- **Empirical suspension density profile.**



# Calculation Results

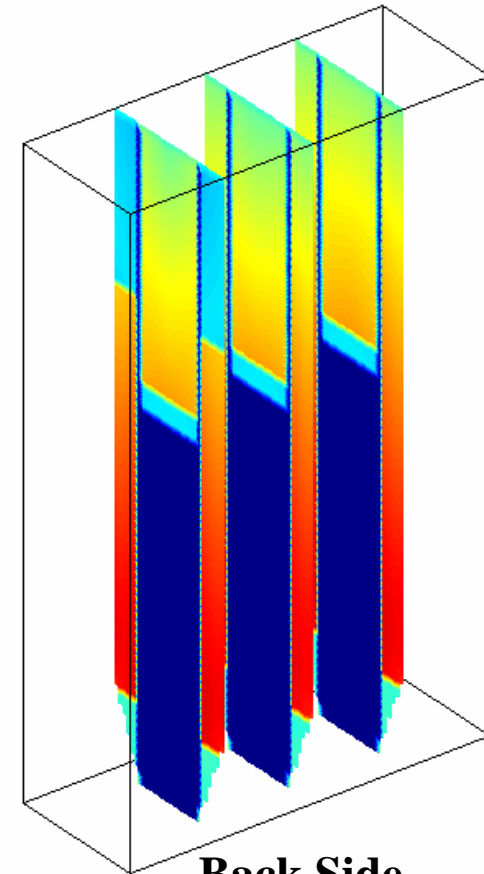
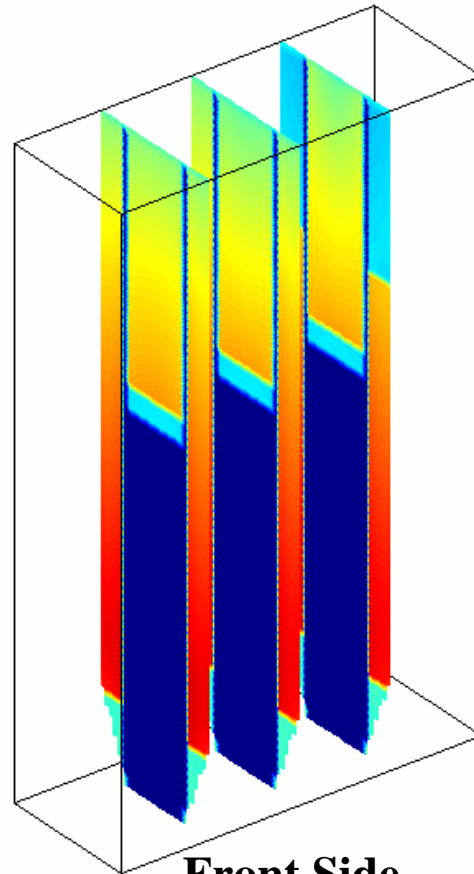
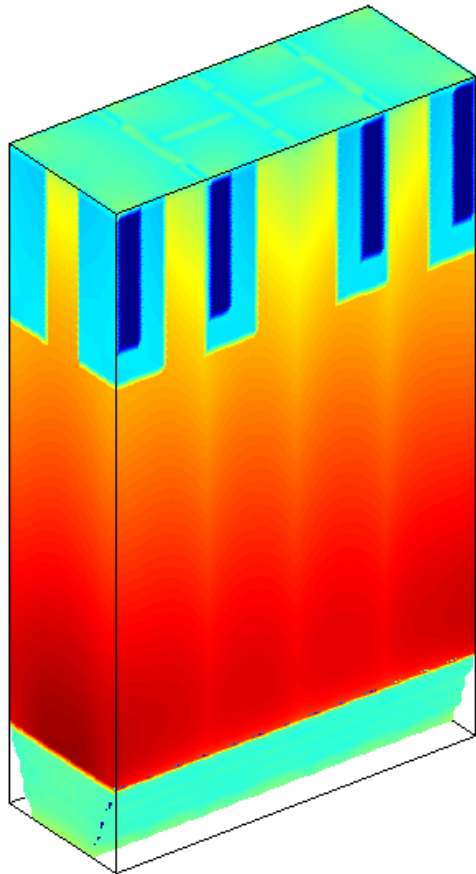
## Oxygen



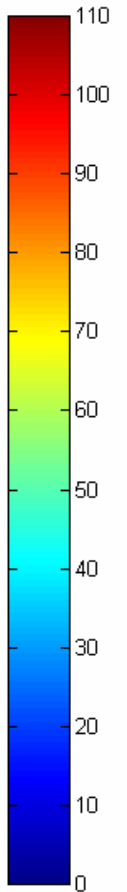


# Calculation Results

## Heat Flux



(kW/m<sup>2</sup>)



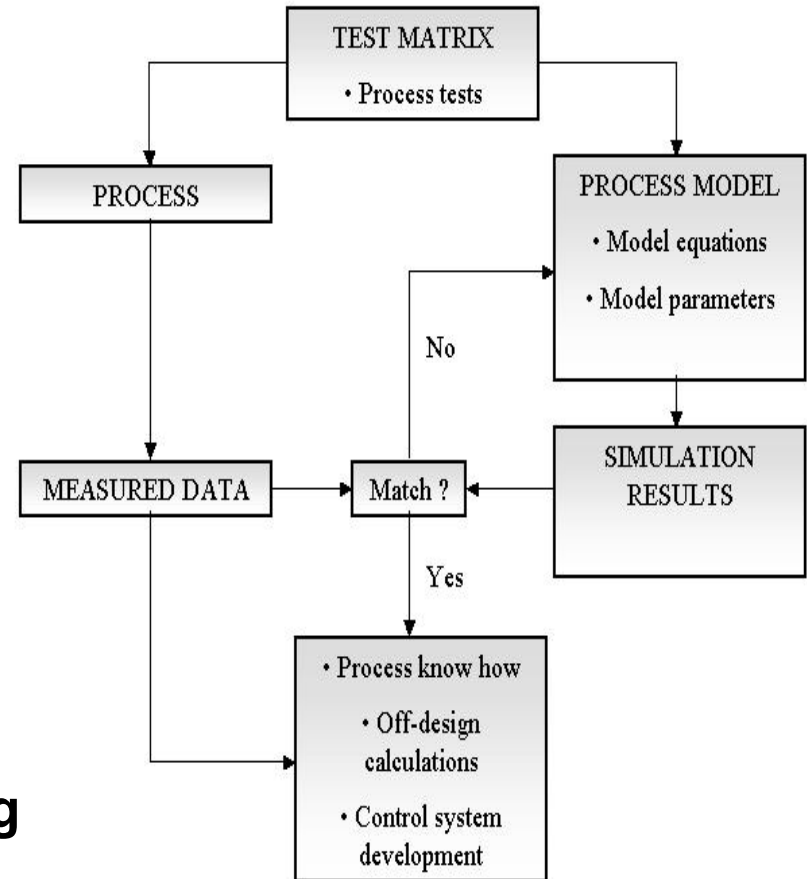
# Simulation Tools

## The Dynamic CFB Model of Foster Wheeler

- A dynamic simulation tool to model dynamic behavior of the CFB system.
- Separate submodels have been developed for different parts of the CFB loop
  - Furnace
  - Solids separator
  - Return channel
  - INTREX™ heat exchangers.
- Each model component is based on the fundamental laws of conservation of mass, energy and momentum and on empirical correlations.

# Analysis of Process Dynamics

- **Dynamic Process Tests**
  - Dynamic process tests have been carried out in a 235 MW<sub>e</sub> CFB boiler.
- **Process Modeling**
  - A tailored dynamic simulator was built for the 235 MW<sub>e</sub> CFB boiler.
- **Model Validation and Simulation Analysis**
  - Measured data on the dynamic process tests were used to determine and to verify the model parameters and modeling principles.



# Analysis of Process Dynamics

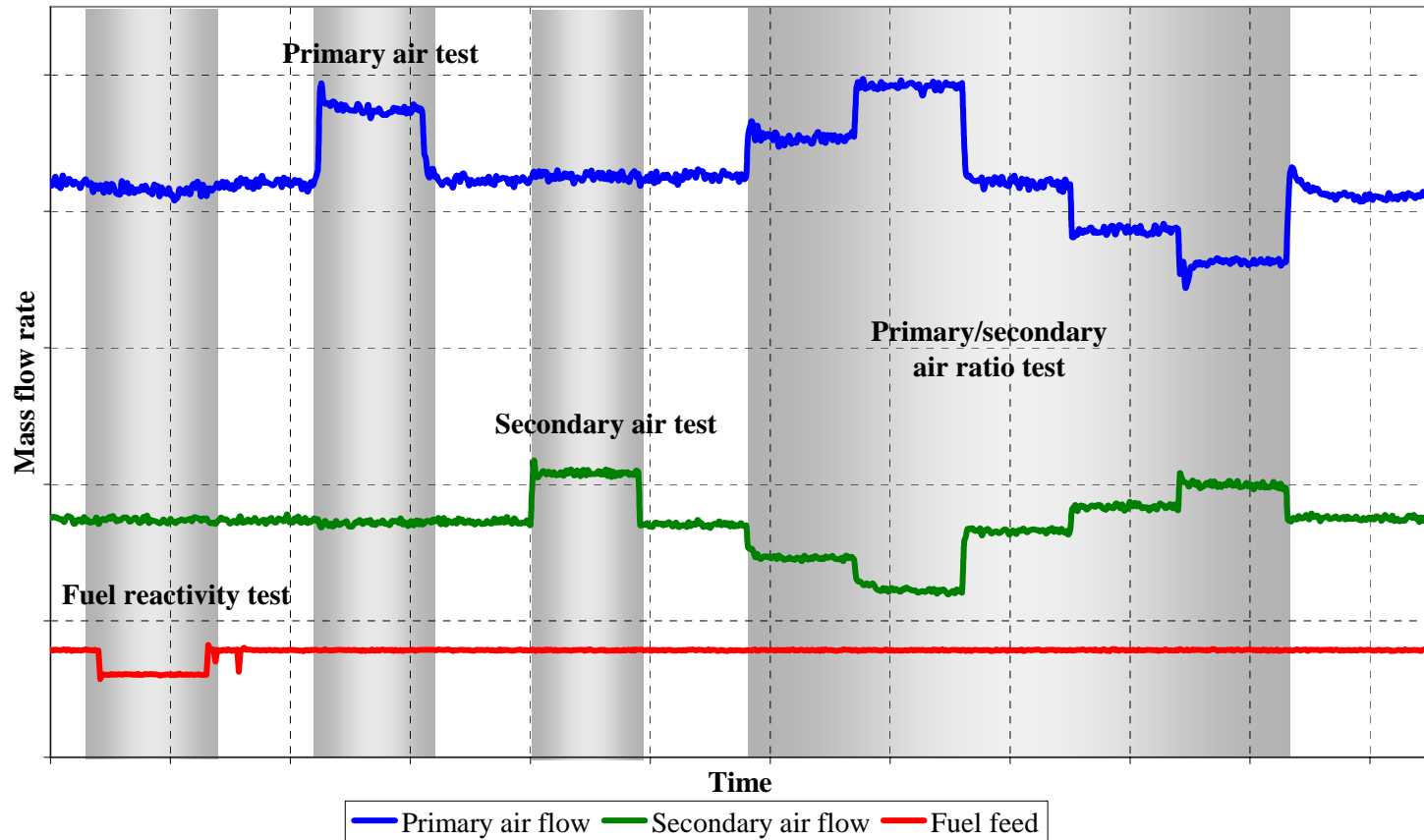
## Dynamic Process Tests

Matrix of the Dynamic Process Tests

<i>Test</i>	<i>Load 100 %</i>	<i>Load 80 %</i>	<i>Load 60 %</i>	<i>Load 40 %</i>
<b>Open loop load change</b>	100 ⇒ 90 ⇒ 80	80 ⇒ 70 ⇒ 60 80 ⇒ 90 ⇒ 100	60 ⇒ 50 ⇒ 40 60 ⇒ 70 ⇒ 80	40 ⇒ 50 ⇒ 60
<b>closed loop load change</b>	100 ⇒ 80 4 %/min	80 ⇒ 60 80 ⇒ 100 4 %/min	60 ⇒ 40 60 ⇒ 80 4 %/min	40 ⇒ 60 4 %/min
<b>Fuel reactivity</b>	+/- 10 % step change	+/- 10 % step change	+/- 10 % step change	
<b>Primary air</b>	+/- 10 % step change	+/- 10 % step change	+/- 10 % step change	
<b>Secondary air</b>	+/- 10 % step change	+/- 10 % step change	+/- 10 % step change	
<b>Prim/sec air ratio</b>	60/40 ⇒ 65/35 ⇒ 70/30 ⇒ 60/40 ⇒ 55/45 ⇒ 50/50 ⇒ 60/40	60/40 ⇒ 65/35 ⇒ 70/30 ⇒ 60/40 ⇒ 55/45 ⇒ 50/50 ⇒ 60/40	60/40 ⇒ 65/35 ⇒ 70/30 ⇒ 60/40 ⇒ 55/45 ⇒ 50/50 ⇒ 60/40	

# Analysis of Process Dynamics

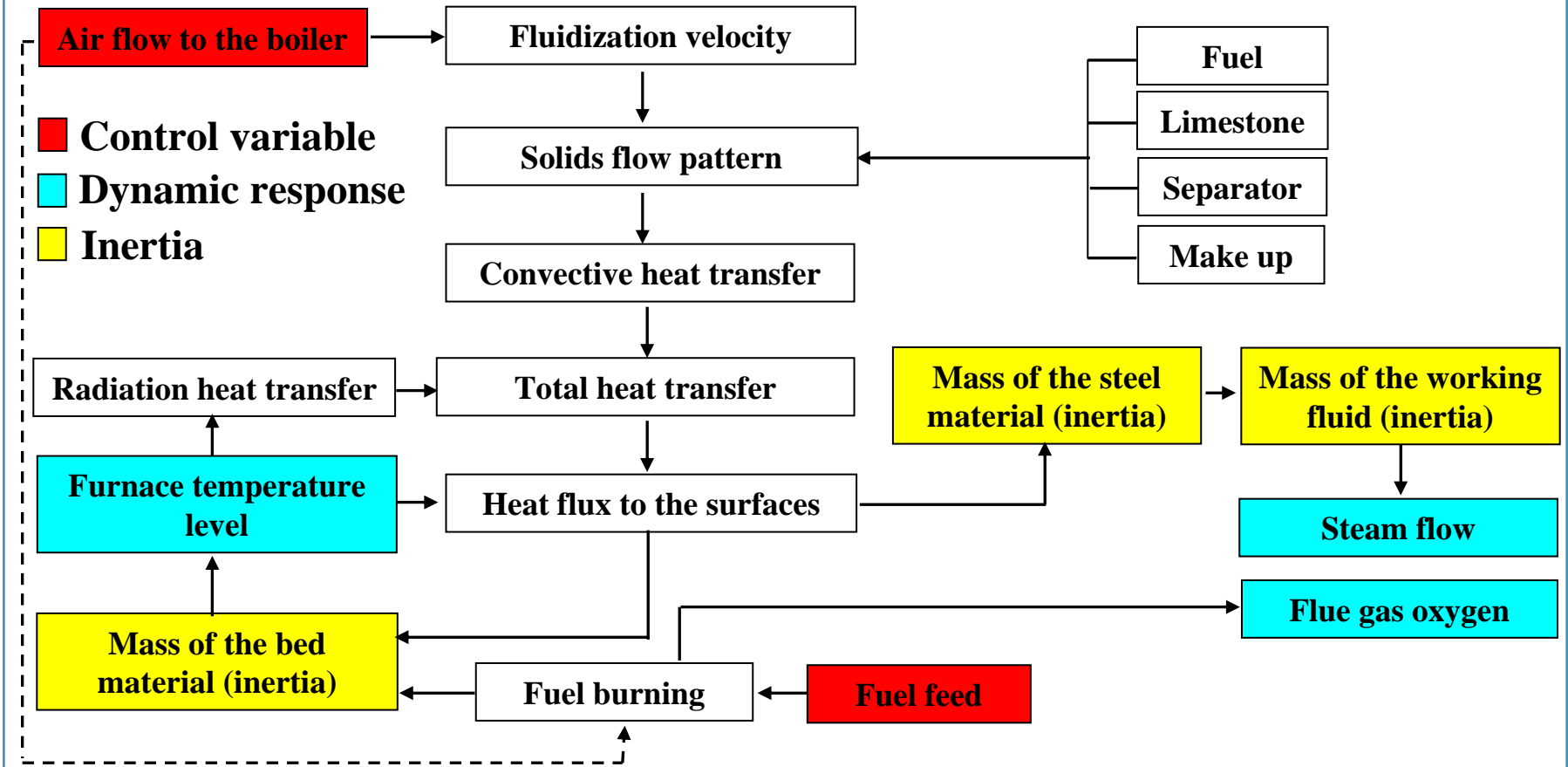
## Dynamic Process Tests



Execution of the Dynamic Process Tests

# Analysis of Process Dynamics

## Basics of the CFB Dynamics



# HIPE CFB

## High Performance Multifuel CFB with Advanced Steam Cycle

- **EU – funded research program (2001 – 2003)**
  - Total volume 3.6 M€(1.7 M€from EU)
- **Objective**
  - Development of Supercritical Once Through Design for Circulating Fluidized Bed (CFB) Boiler
- **Partners**
  - Foster Wheeler Energia OY
  - Siemens AG
  - Energoprojekt Katowice
  - Technical Research Center of Finland

## Lagisza Power Station, 460 MW<sub>e</sub>, Poland

### CFB BOILER DESIGN DATA

Output	MW <sub>e</sub>	460
Steam Flow	kg/s (SH/RH)	360/313
Steam Pressure	bar (SH/RH)	275/50
Steam Temperature	°C (SH/RH)	565/580

### SCHEDULE

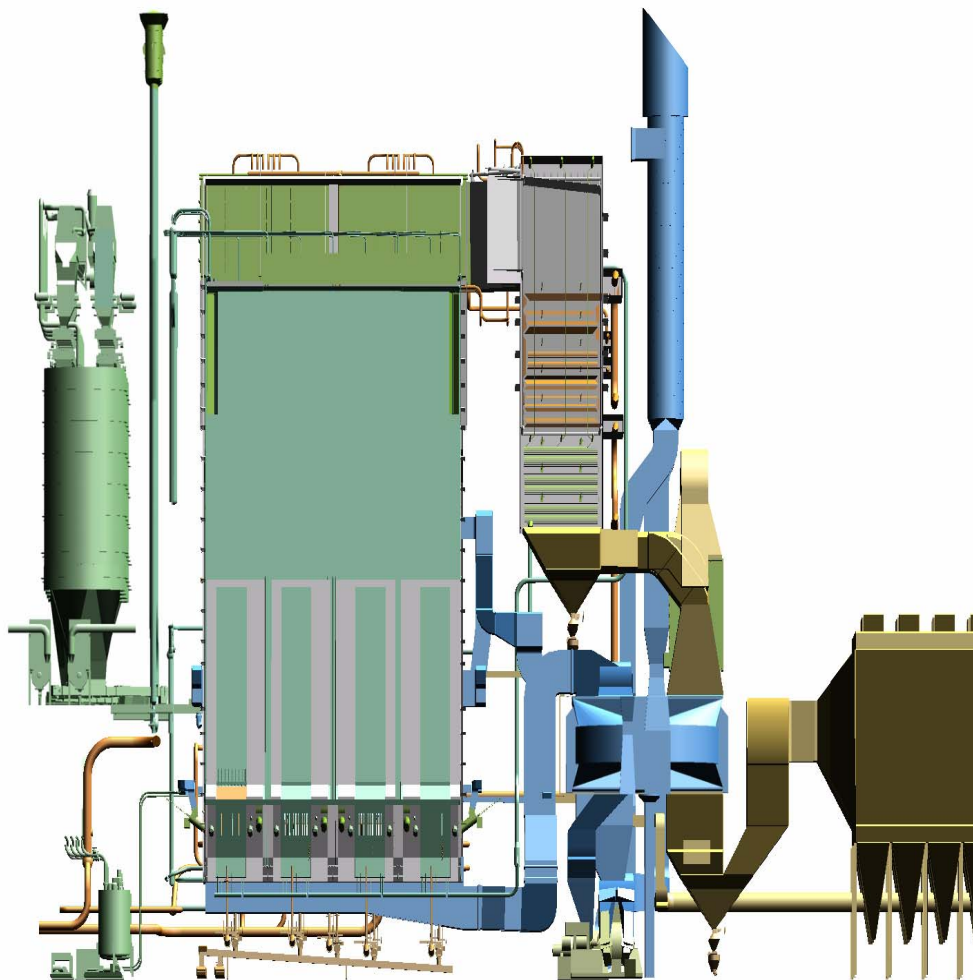
Contract Signing	December 30, 2002
Engineering Release	March 1, 2003
Mechanical Completion	February 28, 2006
Commercial Operation	September 30, 2006

### FUELS (as received)

		Coal	Coal Slurry (max. 30 %)
		Performance	Range
		Range	Range
Sulphur	% wt	1.2	0.6 – 1.4
Ash	% wt	23	10-25
Moisture	% wt	12	6-23
LHV	MJ/kg	20	18-23



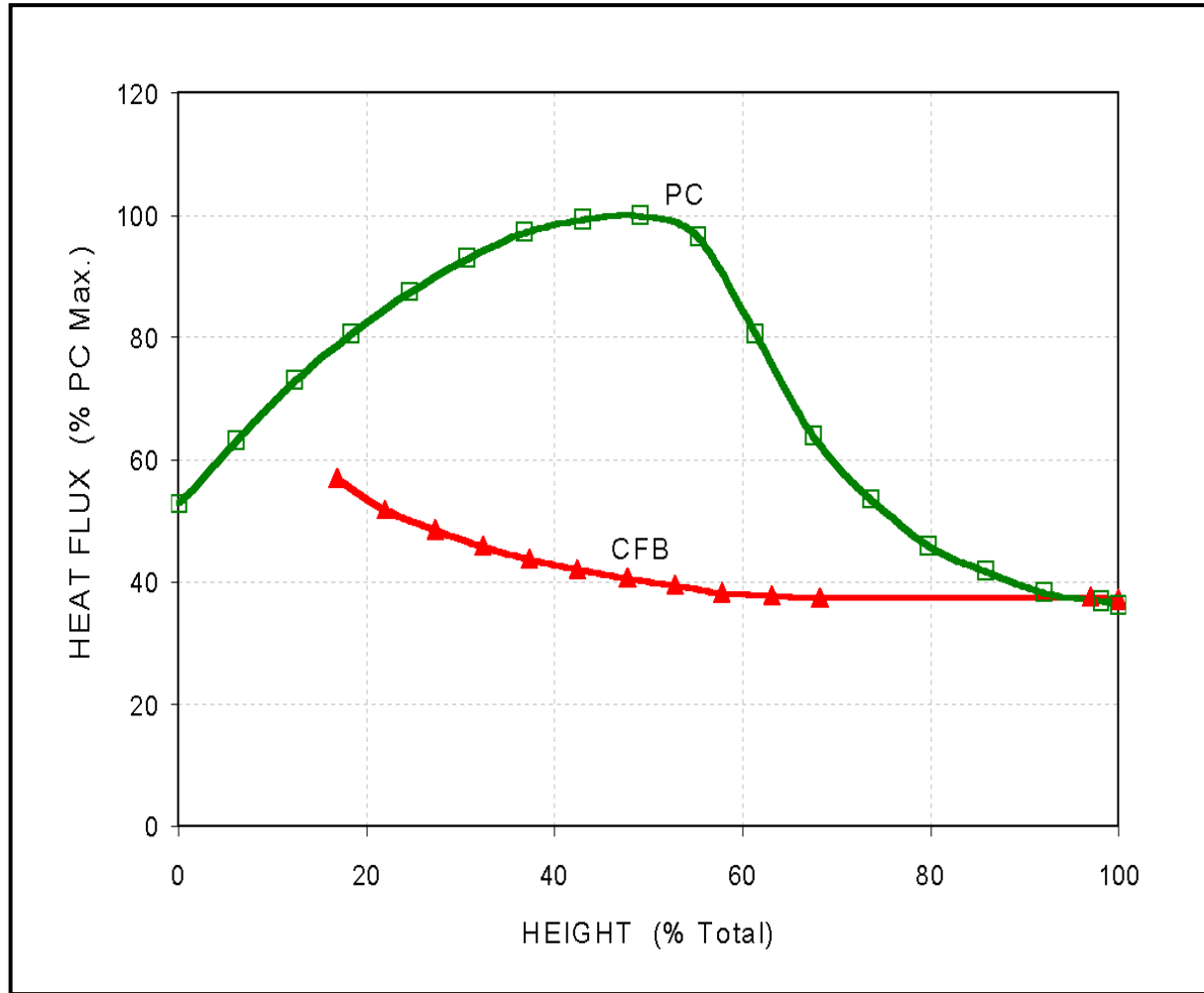
# ŁAGISZA 460 MW<sub>e</sub> CFB



## Lagisza: Evaporator Studies

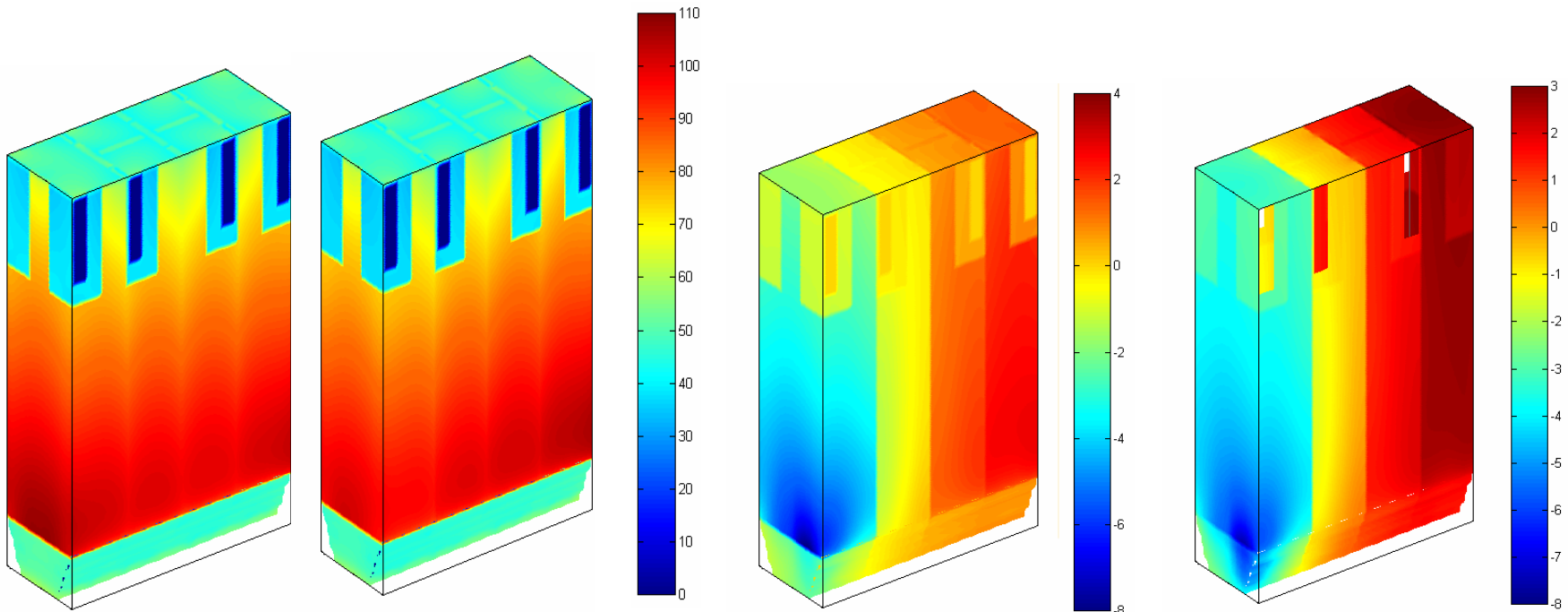
- **Furnace calculated with Foster Wheeler's modern 3D furnace model**
- **Different design conditions evaluated**
  - **Furnace conditions**
  - **Evaporator water/steam side conditions**
  - **Example: Coal feeder disturbance**

# HEAT FLUX COMPARISON



- **Low and uniform heat fluxes in a CFB furnace**
- **Lower mass flow rates (“natural circulation characteristics”)**

## Furnace Heat Flux – Comparison of Two Cases



**Case 1– Basic case.  
Uniform fuel feeding to  
all the feeding points.**

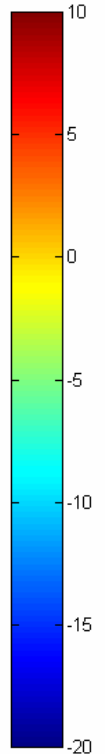
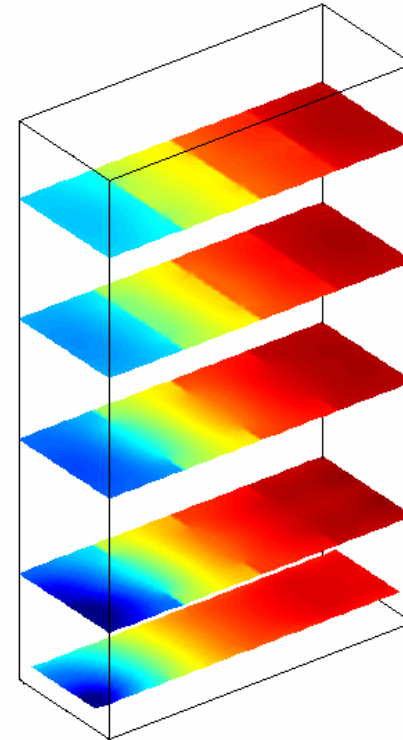
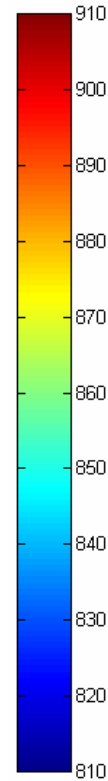
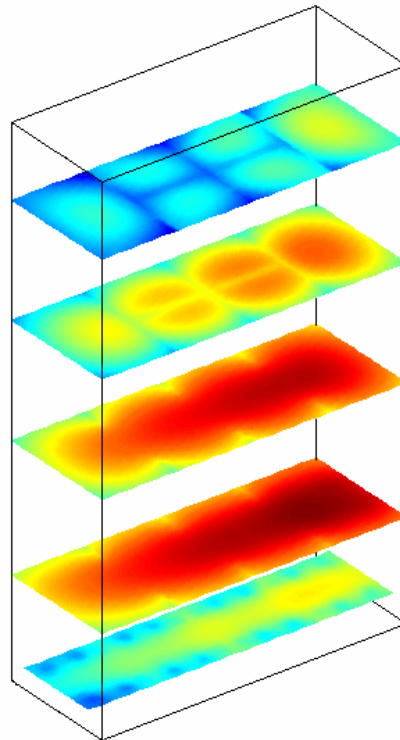
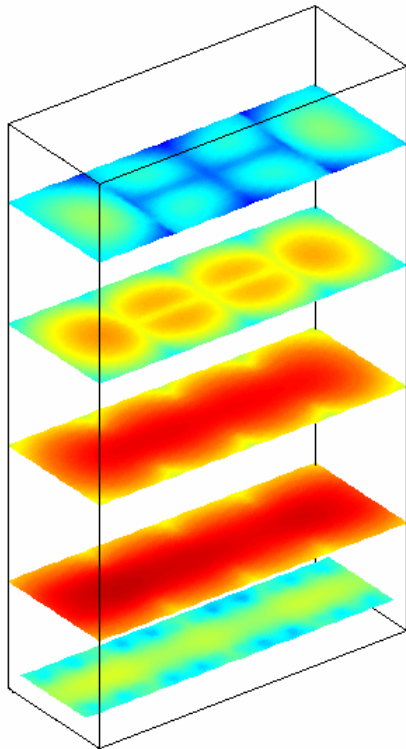
**Case 2– Fuel feed  
stopped to feeding  
point at front-right  
corner. Feed rate to  
other feeders increased  
equally.**

**Scale  
[kW/m<sup>2</sup>]**

**Difference Case 2 – Case 1  
[kW/m<sup>2</sup>]**

**Percentual change [%]**

## Furnace Combustion Temperature – Comparison of Two Cases



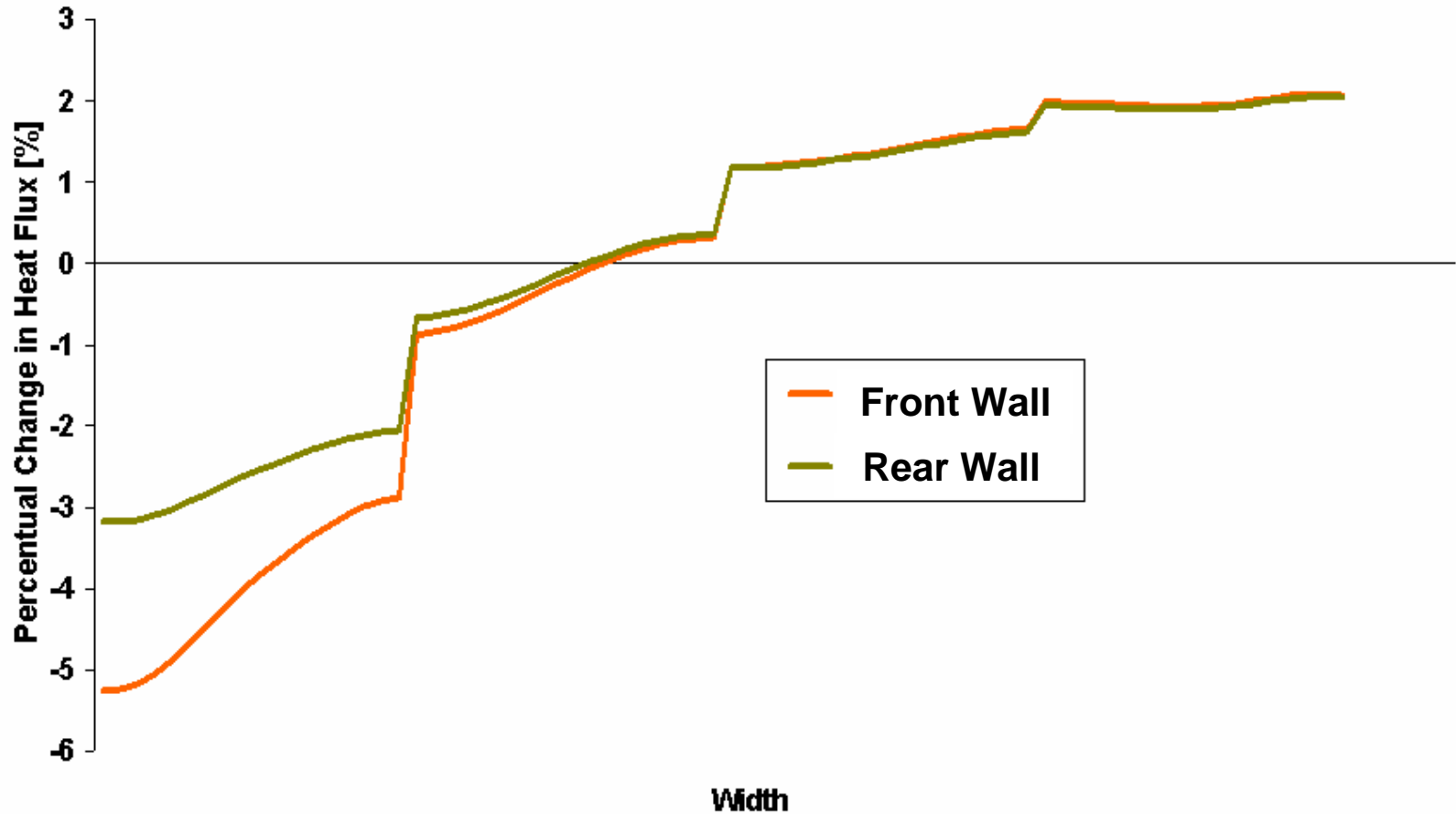
**Case 1– Basic case.  
Uniform fuel feeding to all the  
feeding points.**

**Case 2– Fuel feed stopped to  
feeding point at front-right  
corner. Feed rate to other  
feeders increased equally.**

**Scale [°C]**

**Difference Case 2 –  
Case 1 [°C]**

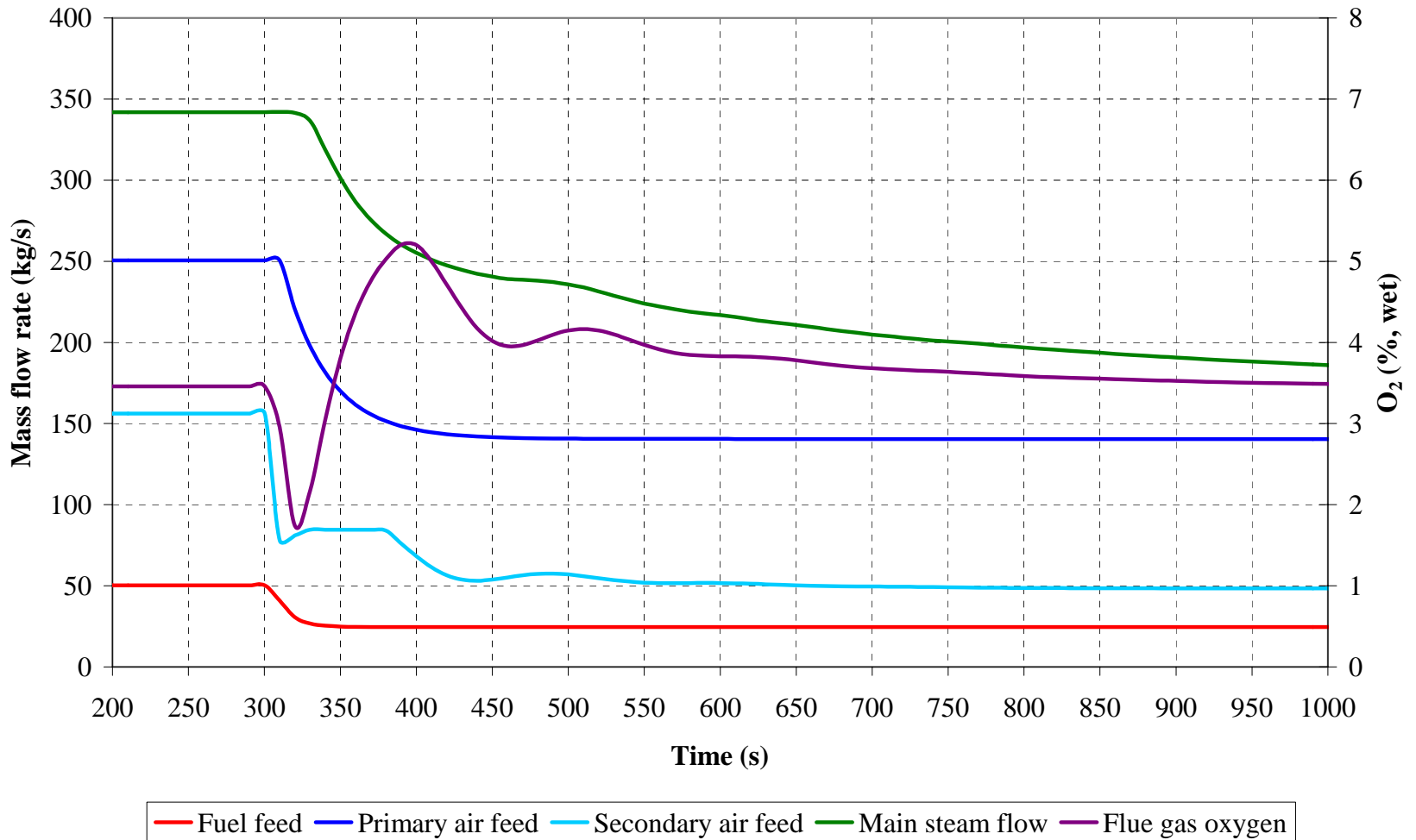
## Heat Flux Difference Horizontally



Fuel feed stopped to feeding point at front-right corner. Feed rate to other feeders increased equally.

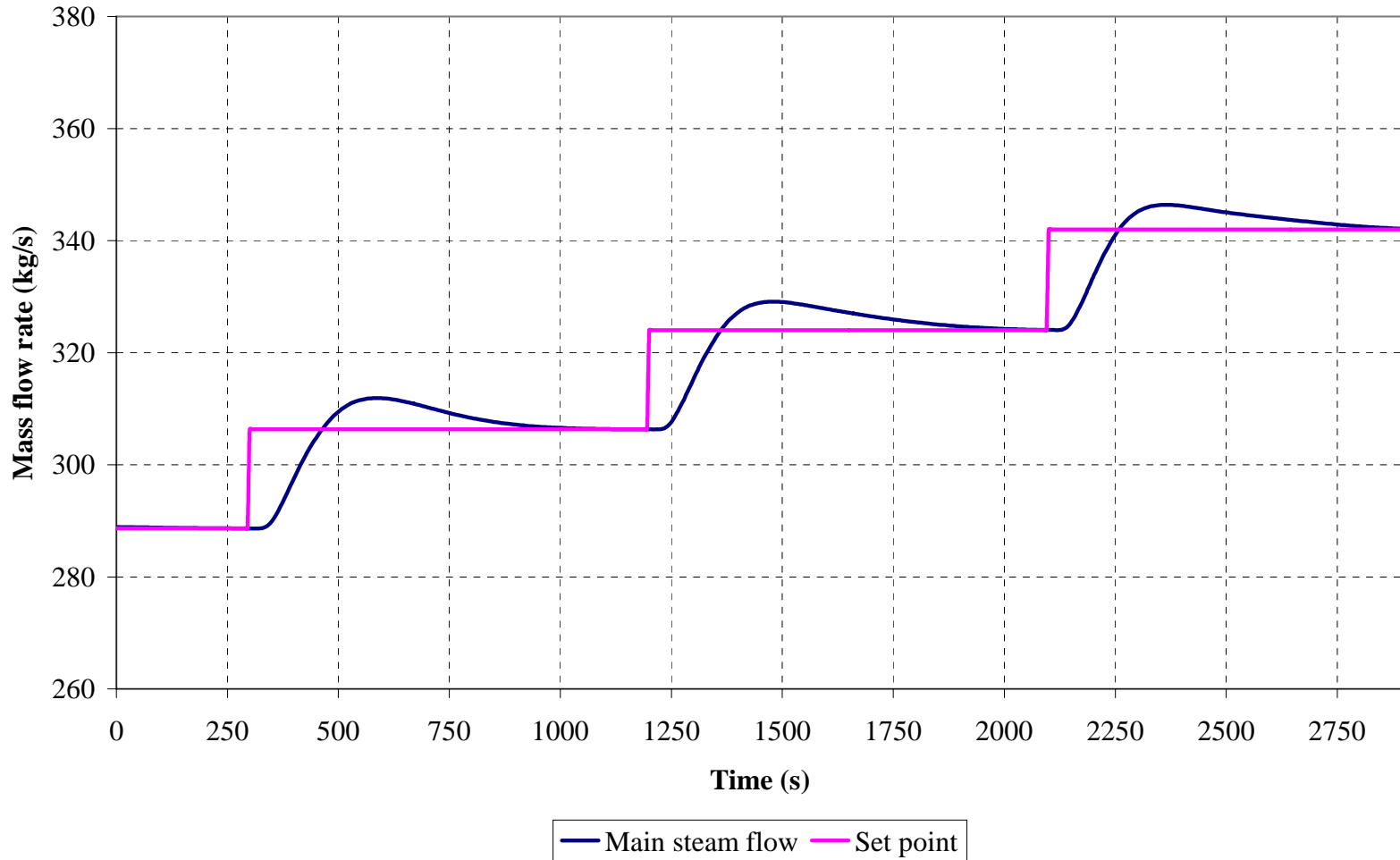
# Lagisza: Dynamic Simulations

## Boiler run-back: Secondary air fan trip



# Lagisza: Dynamic Simulations

## Step load changes +5% MCR





## SUMMARY

**Process tests in Turow produced valuable data for the modelling of large scale furnaces**

**The valid models are essential tools in further development of OT CFB (Lagisza)**

**The models are tools for the further optimisation of Turow units**